# Investor Presentation for FY23 Apr.2023-Mar.2024

May 20, 2024





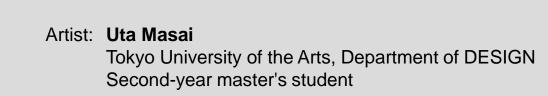
Mizuho Financial Group

Innovating today. Transforming tomorrow.

#### **Mizuho and Art**

Based on the concepts of "Feeling Energized by Art," "Making Art More Accessible," and "Changing yourself through Art," Mizuho, in collaboration with Tokyo University of the Arts, contributes to social innovation, and the overcoming of social challenges like improving gender equality and people's wellbeing, aiming to co-create a sustainable and abundant society in terms of its art and culture as well as its economics.

We asked students at the Tokyo University of the Arts, Department of DESIGN to give form to the ideas they took from Mizuho's Purpose, "Proactively innovate together with our clients for a prosperous and sustainable future". This marks our third featuring of their artwork for shareholder and investor presentations.



"I think we need a positive and exciting environment to inspire one another and grow together.

By sharing our excitement, we can gain new ideas and perspectives, enabling us to grow.

In this piece I have depicted the world of emotion, brimming with excitement and dynamism, that is vital in building more fruitful and fulfilling relationships."





# Summary of Financial Results

(JP	Ý В)	FY23	YoY	Concelidated Croce Profite
1	Consolidated Gross Profits <sup>1</sup>	1 2,672.2	+392.0	Consolidated Gross Profits: Solid growth in client related business led by increase in NIM, solution and IB-related income. Also ALM/Treasury income
2	G&A Expenses <sup>2</sup>	2 -1,681.9	-208.3	increased even after realizing MTM losses related to the securities portfolio
3	Consolidated Net Business Profits <sup>1</sup>	3 1,005.8	+198.6	2 G&A Expenses:
4	o/w Customer Groups	791.4	+47.74	Increase due to several factors such as inflation, weak Yen and spending related to growth areas and enhancement of
5	o/w Markets	125.0	+65.1 <sup>4</sup>	governance
6	Credit-related Costs	4 -106.3	-17.0	3 Consolidated Net Business Profits : Reached JPY 1T in light of strong top-line growth.
7	Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks <sup>3</sup>	54.7	-29.9	Profit from client related business highest since applying our line of business structure
8	Ordinary Profits	914.0	+124.4	4 Credit-related Costs:
9	Net Extraordinary Gains (Losses)	40.9 <sup>5</sup>	+51.6	Largely in line with annual plan of JPY -100.0B
10	Net Income Attributable to FG	<b>5</b> 678.9	+123.4	5 Net Income Attributable to FG: Increase of 22.2% YoY, driven mainly by Consolidated Net
-	(Ref.)			Business Profits. Exceeded interim revised forecast of JPY 640.0B.
11	Consolidated ROE <sup>6</sup>	6 7.6%	+1.0%	6 Consolidated ROE:
12	Expense ratio (2÷1)	62.9%	-1.6%	Significant increase of 1% in light of profit growth and efficiency improvements

Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others of -JPY 31.0B (-JPY 32.8B YoY).
 Excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others.
 Excl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others.
 Figures for YoY are recalculated based on the FY23 management accounting rules.
 Of which JPY 52.7B are from the cancellation of the Employee Retirement Benefit Trust (+JPY 5.1B YoY).
 Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on other securities.



# FY24 Plan

## Earnings Plan

#### (JPY B)

Consolidated	FY23	FY24	
	Results	Plan	YoY
Consolidated Net Business Profits <sup>1</sup>	1,005.8	1,070.0	+64.2
Credit-related Costs	-106.3	-100.0	+6.3
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks <sup>2</sup>	54.7	80.0	+25.3
Ordinary Profits	914.0	1,050.0	+136.0
Net Income Attributable to FG	678.9	750.0	+71.1

2 Banks	FY23	FY24	
	Results	Plan	YoY
Net Business Profits <sup>1</sup>	650.8	720.0	+69.2
Credit-related Costs	-97.1	-95.0	+2.1
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks <sup>2</sup>	38.2	80.0	+41.8
Ordinary Profits	584.7	715.0	+130.3
Net Income	401.6	495.0	+93.4

[Assumed financial indicators] 10Y JGB Yield 1.20%. Nikkei 225, JPY 35,150. USD/JPY 135

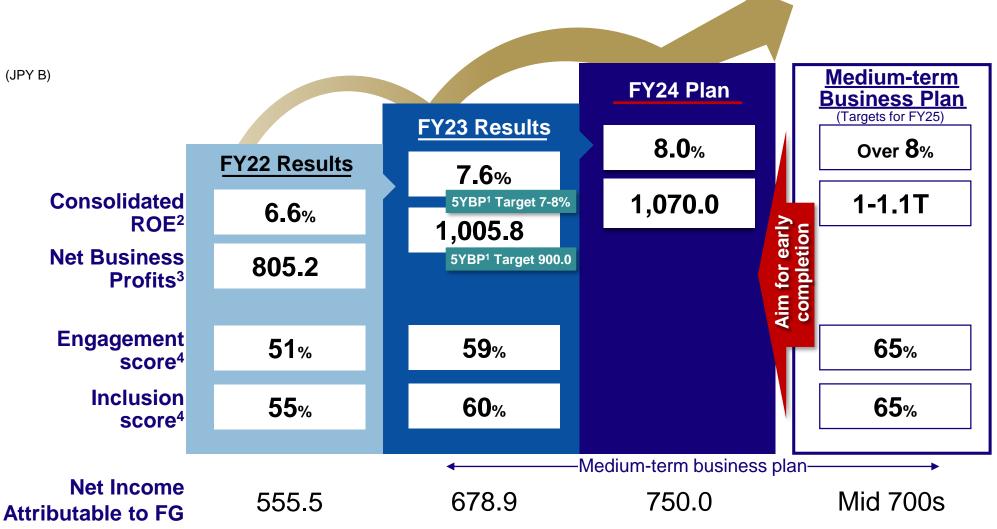
1. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others(Consolidated and 2 Banks). 2. Excl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others(Consolidated and 2 Banks).

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## Shareholder return

Cash dividend	FY23	FY24		
per share	Results	Estimate	YoY	
Interim	JPY 50.0	JPY 57.5	+JPY 7.5	
Fiscal Year-end	JPY 55.0	JPY 57.5	+JPY 2.5	
Annual	JPY 105.0	JPY 115.0	+JPY 10.0	

Achieve targets set for our Medium-term business plan one year earlier than initially planned



[Assumed financial indicators for Medium-term Business Plan] JGB (10-yr): 0.95%, Nikkei 225: JPY 30,000, USD/JPY: JPY 120 (FY25)

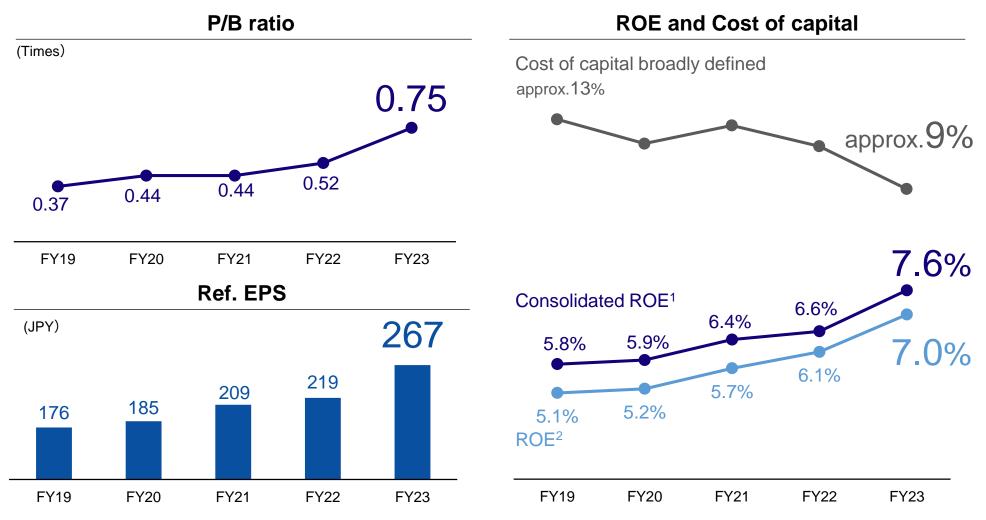
1. Previous 5-Year Business Plan (FY19-FY23). 2. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities. 3. Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and other.

4. Based on positive response rate (selection of 4 or 5 on a scale from 1 to 5) for four Staff Survey questions related to engagement and inclusion.

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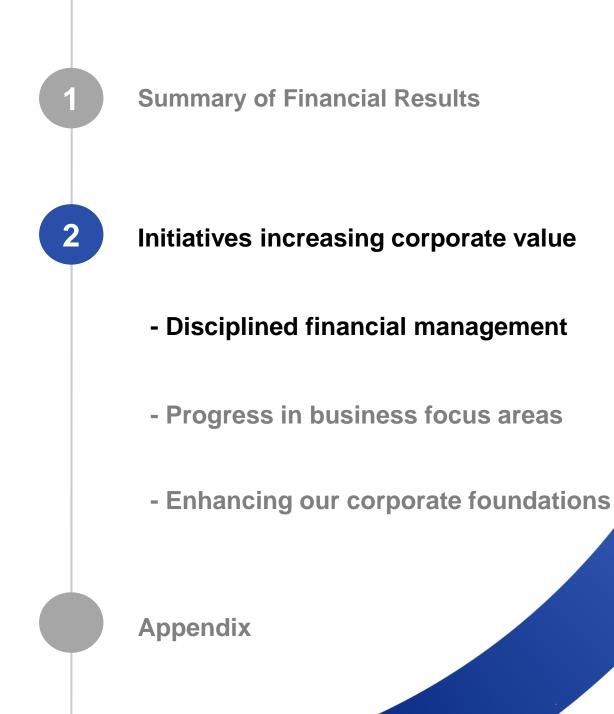
## Progress on improving our P/B ratio

- Improvement in P/B ratio based on ROE improvement and also rising growth expectations for Japan
- Aim to improve P/B ratio over 1x by deploying our resources to business focus areas



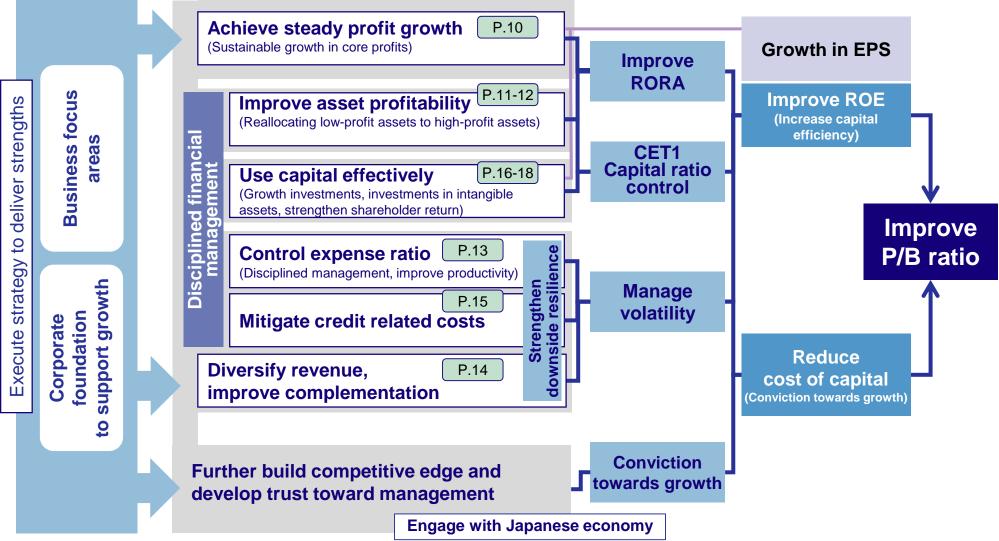
1. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities. 2. Net Income on Own Capital. Incl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on other Securities.

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## Enhancing corporate value

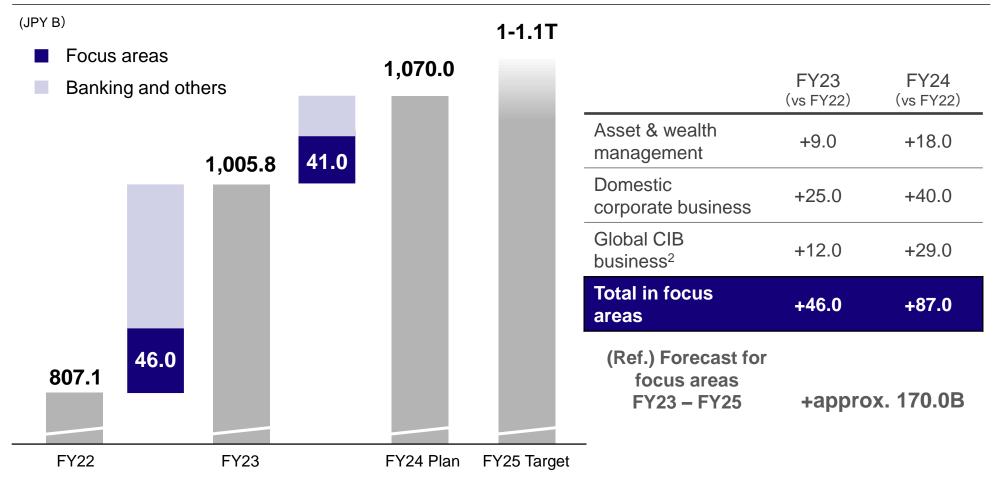
- P/B ratio > 1x top priority for management
- Improve ROE while reducing cost of capital by continuously growing profits and maintaining financial discipline



## Achieve steady profit growth

- Solid increase in profit led by steady growth in focus areas as well as weak Yen
- Achieve Medium-term business plan profit target of JPY1-1.1T in FY24, one year earlier than initially planned

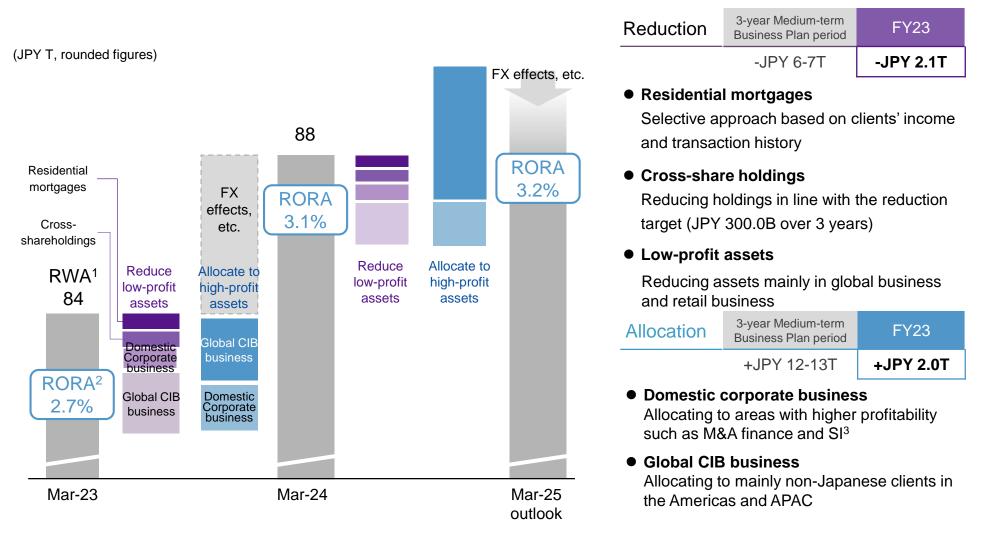
#### Consolidated Net Business Profits<sup>1</sup>



1. Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (losses) related to ETFs and others. Breakdowns are rounded figures. 2. GCIBC+GM/S&T outside of Japan.

## Improve asset profitability

 Successfully redeploying capital from low-profit assets to high-profit assets. Fully committed to further redeploy capital

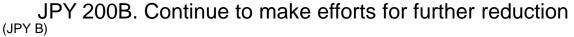


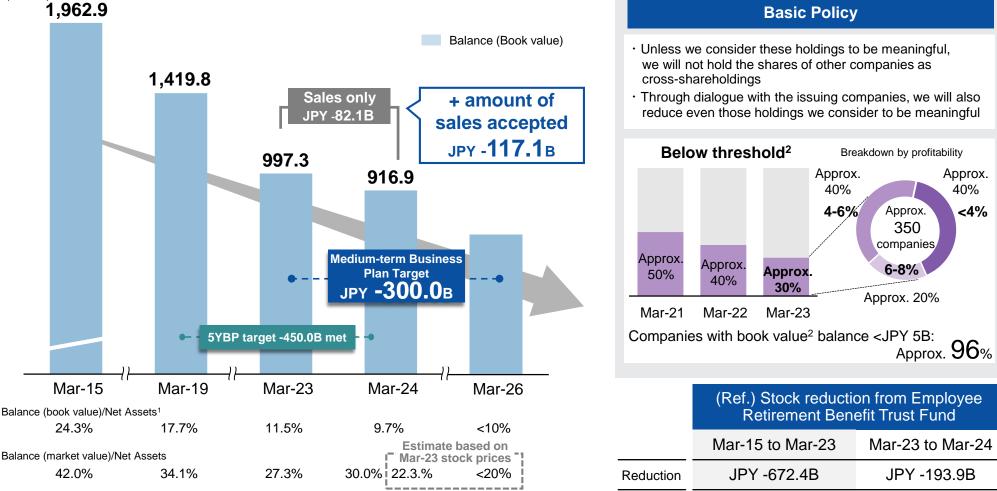
1. RWAs calculated on a management accounting basis. Includes interest rate risk in banking account.

2. Gross business profit RORA. Excl. the impact of realizing losses on foreign bonds in FY22, RORA as of Mar-23 is 2.8%. 3. Strategic investment. Hybrid financing, Equity & Mezzanine areas, etc.

# Progress on the sales of cross-shareholdings

- Reduced cross-shareholdings in line with our Medium-term plan target of JPY 300B. Continue to make efforts in reducing those that do not yield our return threshold
- Reduced Employee Retirement Benefit Trust Fund almost to the Medium-term plan outlook of IDV 200B. Continue to make afferts for further reduction

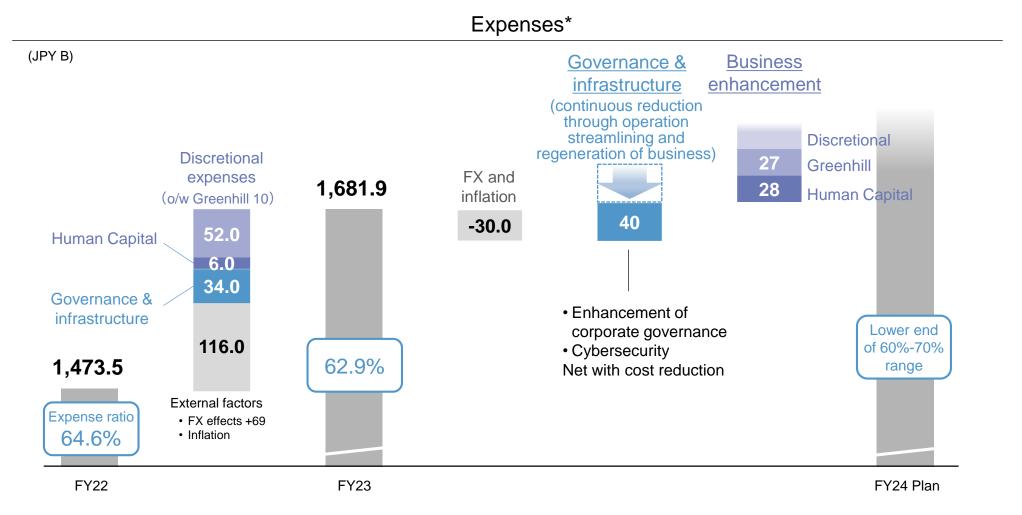




1. Excl. net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities. 2. Total profitability divided by risk capital under 8% after tax (in line with FY25 target of 8% in Consolidated ROE).

## Disciplined cost management

Expense increased mainly in governance/infrastructure and human capital, along with external factors; however, FY23 expense ratio decreased from disciplined cost control and increase in Gross Profits
 Manage FY25 expense ratio close to 60% from continued disciplined cost management



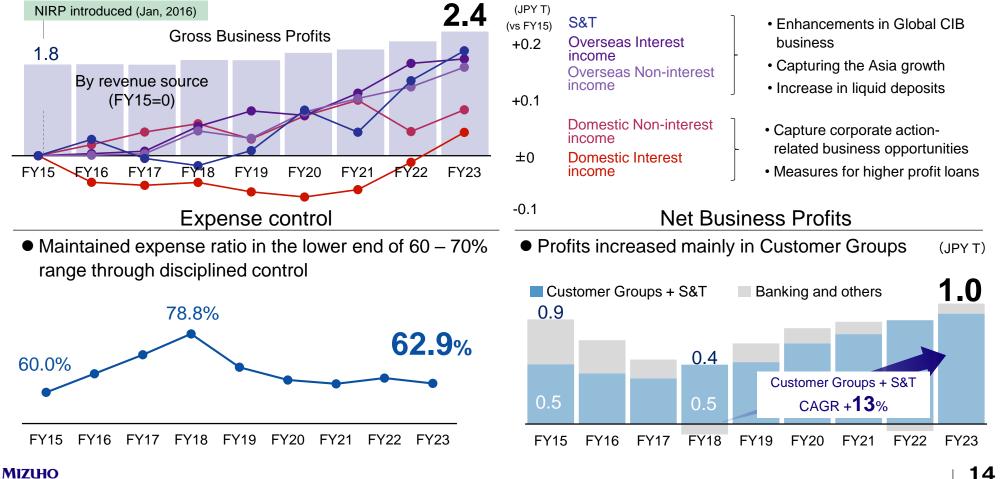
\* Excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others. Breakdowns are rounded figures.

# Stabilizing profits from core businesses (1)

- Made efforts to diversify our revenue and change our expense structure in the midst of headwind from negative interest rate policy ("NIRP")
- Quality of profits significantly improved. Net Business Profits surpassed JPY 1T led by profit growth from our client related business

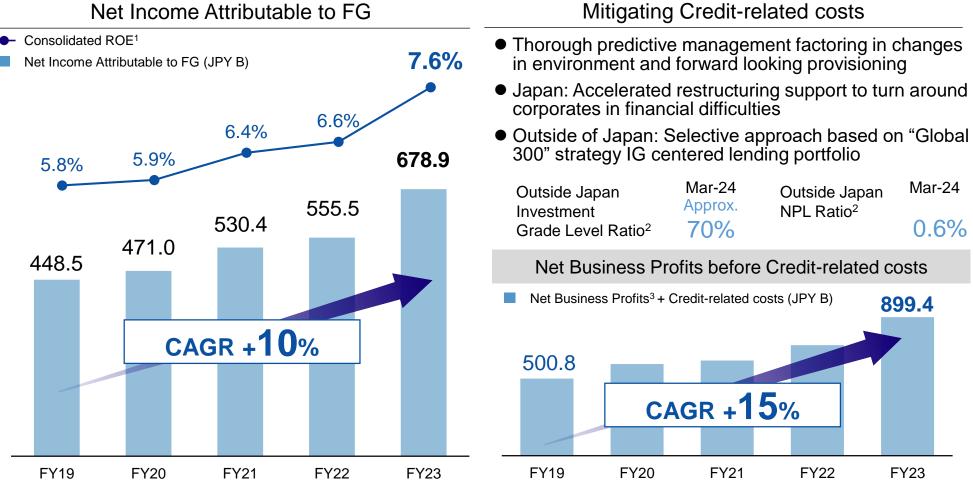
Gross Business Profits (Customer Groups + S&T)

Offset decline in domestic interest income by diversifying revenues sources that supplement interest revenue



# Stabilizing profits from core businesses (2)

- Achieved bottom line profit growth of CAGR +10% based on Net Business Profit growth and proactive and predictive management of credit costs
- Continue predictive management of credit portfolio and utilization of forward looking provisioning to eliminate volatility in credit costs

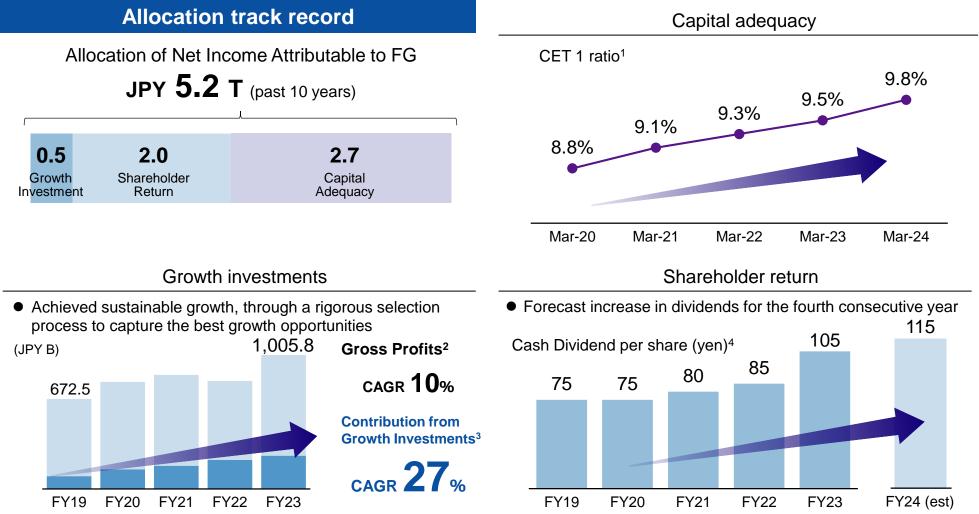


Not become Attributeble to EQ

1. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains(Losses) on Other Securities. 2. BK (incl. banking subsidiaries outside Japan), In-house company management basis. 3. Incl. ETFs and others.

## Effective capital use (1) (track record)

- While focusing on improving capital adequacy and shareholder return, executed profitable growth investments through disciplined capital management
- Expect four-year-consecutive increase in dividend for FY24

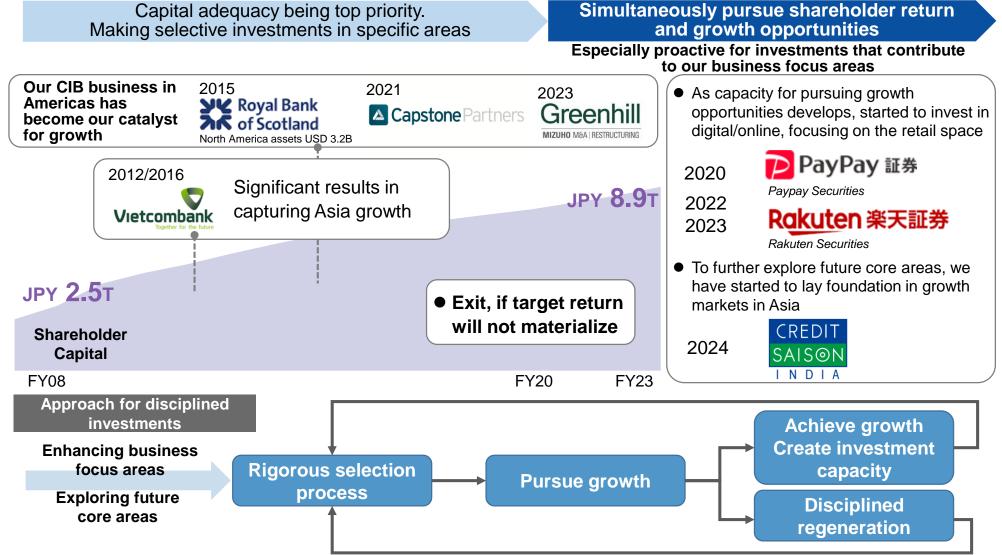


1. Basel III finalization fully-effective basis. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains(Losses) on Other Securities. 2. Incl. ETFs and others. 3. Total of Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates and Net Business Profits from North America CIB business. 4. Reflects the effect of the reverse stock split conducted in Oct.20.



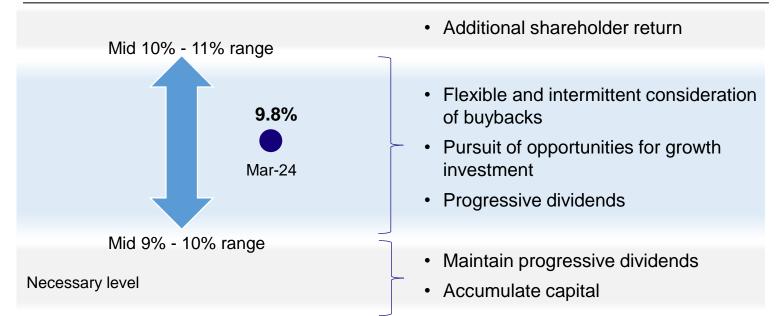
# Effective capital use (2) (disciplined growth investments, main track record)

Based on discipline, and sound judgement, achieved growth through effective utilization of our limited capital. Continue our disciplined approach to investment



Capital policy (unchanged)	<b>e</b> .	he optimal balance between capital adequacy, growth investment and ent of shareholder return		
Shareholder	Progressive div will also be con	idends are our principal approach while intermittent share buybacks sidered		
return policy	Dividends:	Taking 40% dividend payout ratio as a guide, decide based on the steady growth of our stable earnings base		
(unchanged)	Share buybacks:	Consider our business results and capital adequacy, our stock price and the opportunities for growth investment in determining the execution		

## Approach to capital management: CET1 ratio\*



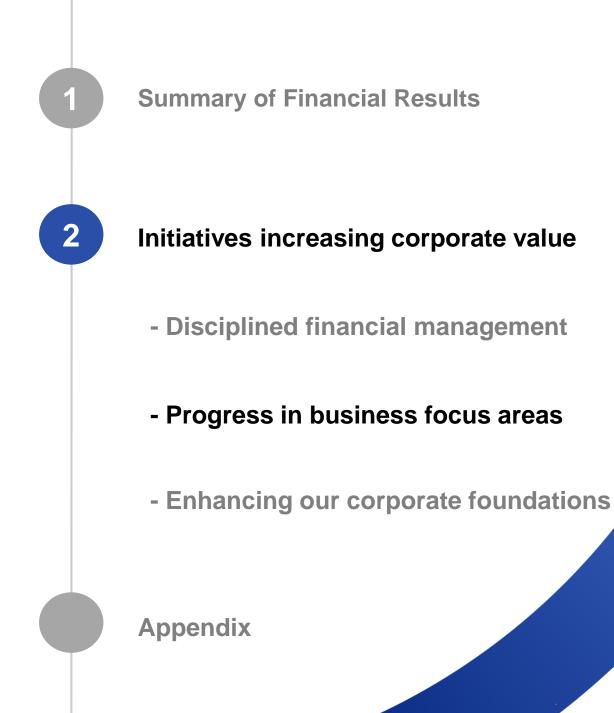
\* Basel III finalization fully-effective basis. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities.

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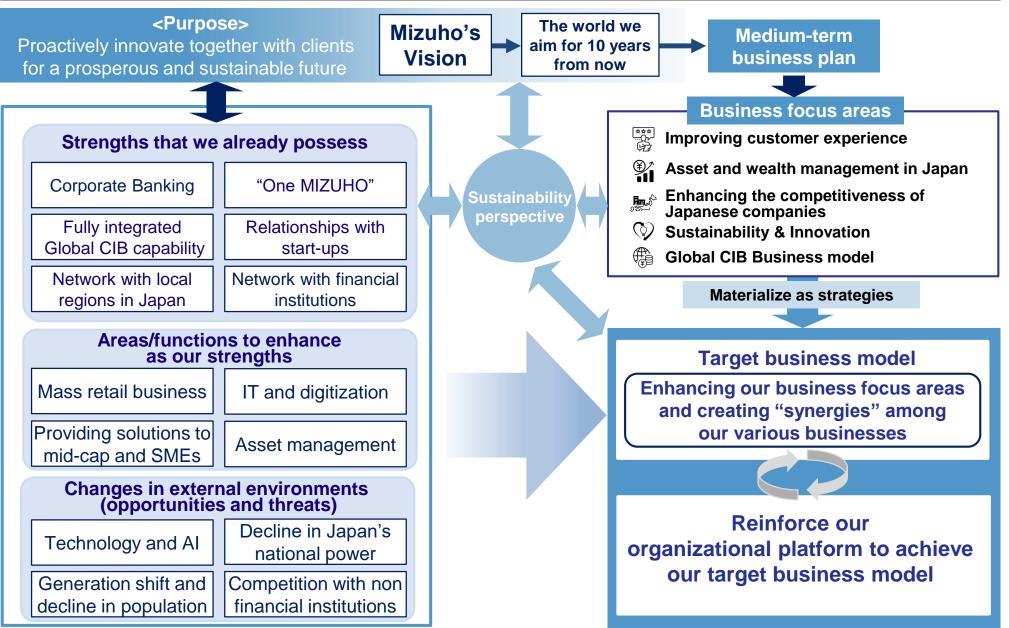
## Achievement and challenges on P/B ratio improvement

Although there has been concrete improvement, in order to reach P/B ratio above 1x, further improvements in ROE and reduction in cost of capital are needed

	Achievements	Challenges	
Increase ROE (Increase capital efficiency)	Steady improvements in ROE	<ul> <li>Room for improvements in both ROE and cost of capital</li> <li>Maintain discipline to strategies and continuously display results and achievements</li> <li>Effective use of resources. Improve capital efficiency</li> </ul>	
		and constantly review cost structure	
Reduction capital costs (Conviction towards growth)	Growth in Market Expectations	<ul> <li>Regenerate businesses and reallocate resources to focus business areas that create unique competitive advantages</li> <li>Optimal balance between growth investments and return to shareholder</li> </ul>	
Continuous Action		Proactively make actions to resolve our discount	
	Achieve sustainable growth by imposing discipline on financial management and strategy		

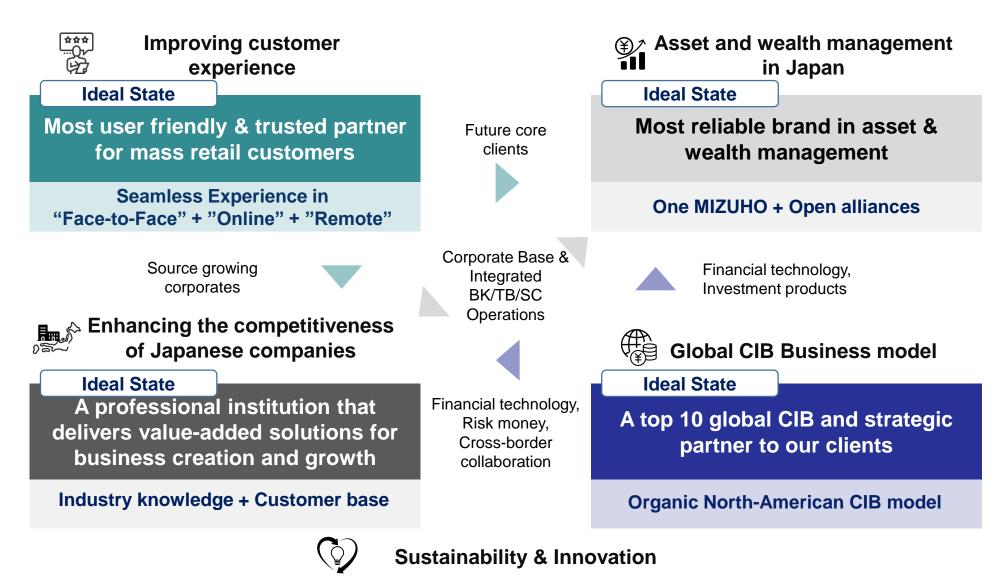


# Direction of business strategy starting with our purpose and strength



## Target business model

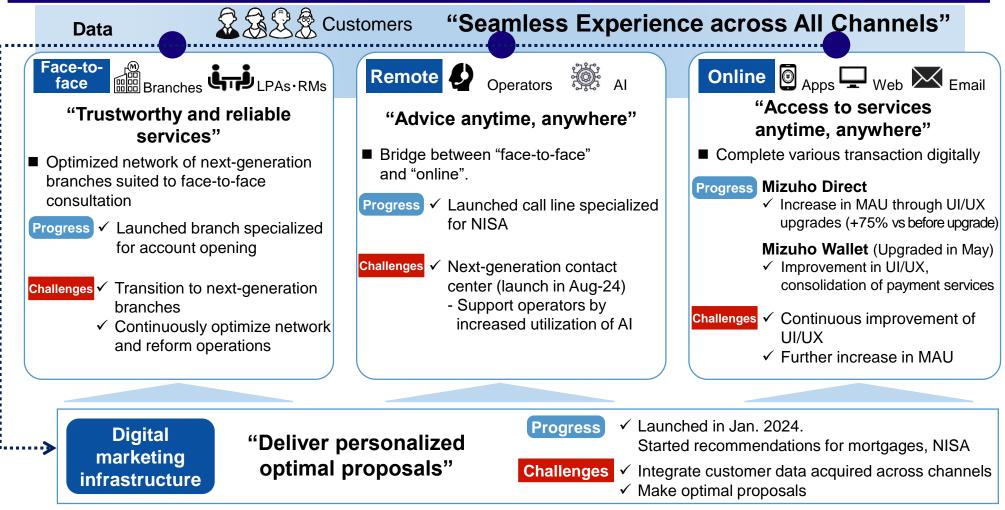
Deliver unique strengths by enhancing each business focus area, and creating "synergies" among our businesses



## Improving customer experience (1)

- Account openings turned to net increase
- Aim to provide seamless experience across channels by optimizing and upgrading each channel and combine them with digital marketing infrastructure to fulfill various needs

## <Ideal State> Most user friendly & trusted partner for mass retail customers



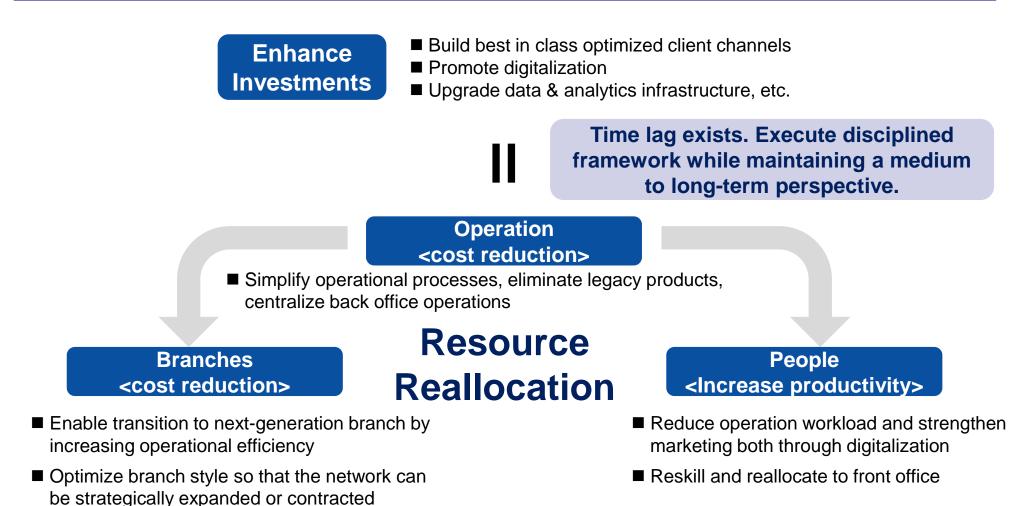
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Maintain discipline and long term view in order to achieve optimal balance between capex and cost efficiency/productivity

## Disciplined investment framework to realize "Ideal State" in retail business





Increased AUM, but behind plan. Aim to increase AUM sustainably through strengthening of face-toface consulting capabilities and enhancing product line up

## StateThe most reliable brand in asset & wealth management

**Progress & Challenges** 



with online securities companies

 Building stronger ties with our partners through monthly steering committee led by top management.

Progress in joint services below is solid

Rakuten **楽天証券** 

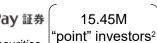
5.20M NISA accounts<sup>2</sup>

🄁 PayPay 証券 Paypay Securities

• BK collaboration:

offering at Paypay

Started Mizuho iDeCo<sup>3</sup>



- Rakuten Securities
- BK collaboration: "Raku-raku deposit"<sup>4</sup>
- Launched JV for financial advisory (Apr-24)
- 🦇 MiRaIウェルス・パートナーズ MiRal Wealth Partners
- ✓ Offers face-to-face advisory services leveraging Mizuho's consulting capabilities and Rakuten Securities' convenient digital platform

### Progress Strengthen face-to-face consulting Started to change our marketing style towards a more

- client-centric approach
- ✓ Strengthen human capital with "SC Consulting Academy" (Educational program to train consulting staff)
- Abolished sales-linked employee awards. Each sales division sets its own targets.



#### Expand fund lineup based on market environment Progress



グロース株式ファンド

Launched Japanese active equity fund managed by AM-One Mizuho Japan Allcap Equity Fund

Offering high quality global investment One/フィデリティ・ブルーチップ opportunities from AM-One and Fidelity One/Fidelity Blue Chip Growth Equity Fund

#### Challenges

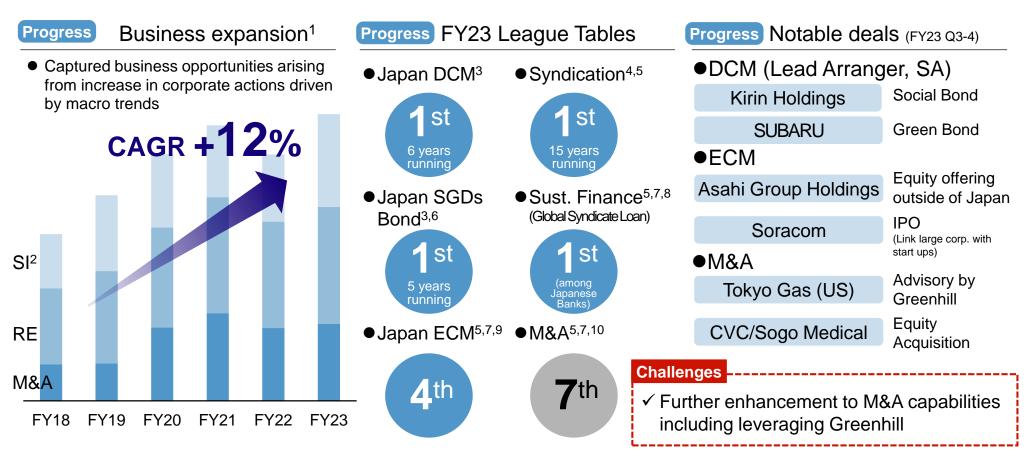
- Strengthening of face-to-face consulting still need improvement
- ✓ Enhance AM-One capabilities (portfolio management, product, support for sales companies)
- Expand products for high net worth and institutional investors

1. FG, period-end balance. Includes impact of stock price change, etc. FX rate applies the planned rate. 2. As of Mar-24. "Point" investing is managed by and offered by PPSC Investment Service Corp., a subsidiary of PayPay Securities. 3. Individual-type Defined Contribution pension plan. 4. A service that allows seamless money transfer from the account at Mizuho Bank to the account at Rakuten Securities, using only Rakuten Securities' website.



Leverage our strengths to maintain Mizuho's leading position in large cap wholesale banking

#### **Progress and Challenges**



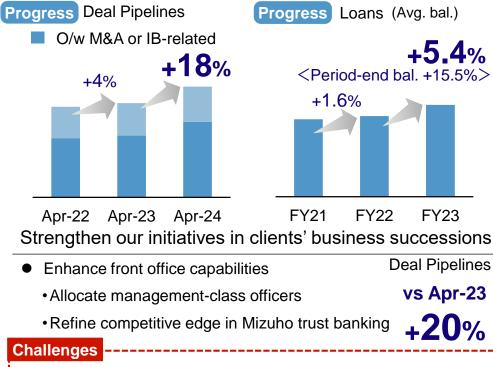
Gross Profits. 2. Strategic Investments. Hybrid financing, Equity & Mezzanine, etc. 3. Apr-18 – Mar-24. Based on underwriting amount and pricing date basis. Incl. samurai bonds, municipal bonds (underwriting only), preferred equity securities. Excl. Own debt, securitization of own debt, own S&T. (Source) Capital Eye. 4. Apr-09 – Mar-24. 5. (Source) LSEG. 6. Apr-19 – Mar-24. 7. Apr-23 – Mar-24.
 3<sup>rd</sup> globally. 9. Based on book runner, pricing date basis. Total of IPO, PO, CB with stock acquisition options (incl. REIT). 10. Transaction amount basis, Japanese company related excl. real estate.

# Enhancing the competitiveness of Japanese companies (2)

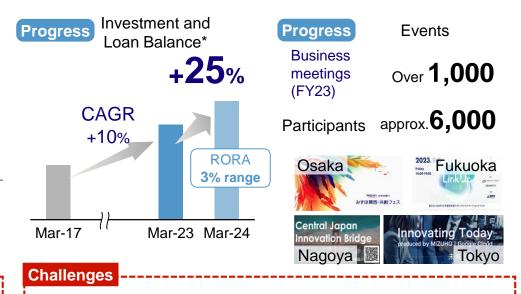
- Increased deal pipeline by initiating strategic approach toward mid-cap companies with growth support and business succession
- Progress in responding to various business needs, including supplying risk money to start-ups

Strategic approach to listed mid-cap companies

- Initiatives to support the enhancement of clients' corporate value (establishment of Business Development Support Office)
- Initiatives to capture the business opportunity arising from reforms driven by Tokyo Stock Exchange



- Strategic approach to start-ups
- Enhanced capabilities by setting up specialized front offices and credit departments
- Strengthened delivery of risk money to deep tech areas such as space business
- Venture debt fund launched together with UPSIDER Co. has already invested half of its commitments within a half of year. UPSIDER is a Fintech utilizing AI for extending credit to start-ups
- Held events in major cities, including largest ever in Tokyo



✓ Support start-ups in sourcing various risk money

\* Balance of RBC investments in and loans to innovative companies.

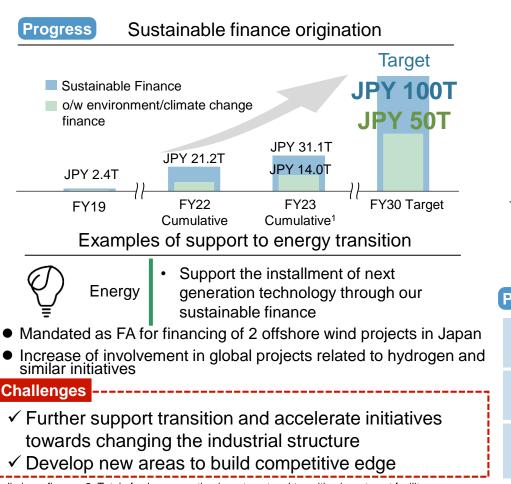
✓ Accelerate the materialization of our deal pipeline

# Sustainability & Innovation

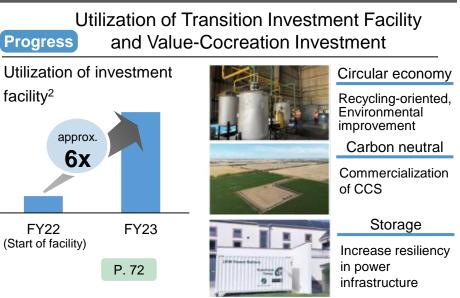


- Supported energy transition through engagement and contributed to clients' individual initiatives by providing direct equity investment.
- Initiated collaborative efforts with our clients to establish platform for sustainability/circular economy

## **Progress and Challenges**



1. Preliminary figures. 2. Total of value-cocreation investment and transition investment facility.



### Progress Support client initiatives with long term view

Hydrogen	Decarbonizing power, heat, and materials Recently announced to commit JPY 2T financing
Carbon Credit	Accelerate decarbonization and technology advancement utilizing financial technology Investment in Climate Impact X
Impact Finance	Enhance corporate value by taking proactive action to promote social value Released "Impact Business Compass"



## Enhanced our CIB model through expanding our capabilities in banking and markets

## <Ideal State> A top 10 global CIB and a strategic partner for our clients

#### Mizuho's Global CIB business model

Model pursuing synergy between Banking (Primary) and Sales & Trading (Secondary) seeking tandem growth, capturing business flow arising from client needs

#### Banking (Primary)

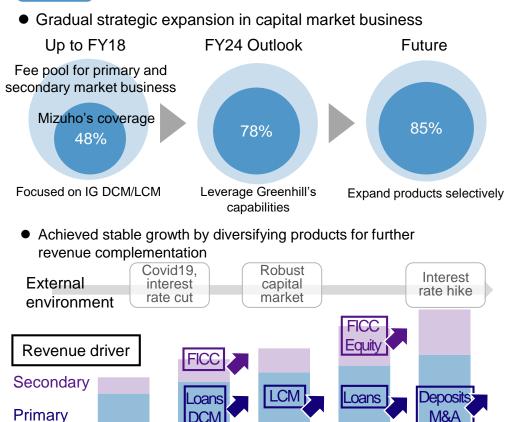
• Provide clients with a wide range of valued-added financial solutions related to corporate banking and capital markets

### S&T (Secondary)

- Put focus on market making, simultaneously contributing to Banking (Primary) business
  - Provide hedging solutions to corporate clients (issuers) utilizing capital markets for financing
  - Provide transaction flows and financing to institutional investors participating in capital markets
- Philosophy is to establish complementary revenue stream between Banking and S&T
  - Risk taking confined

## Progress & Challenges: Americas

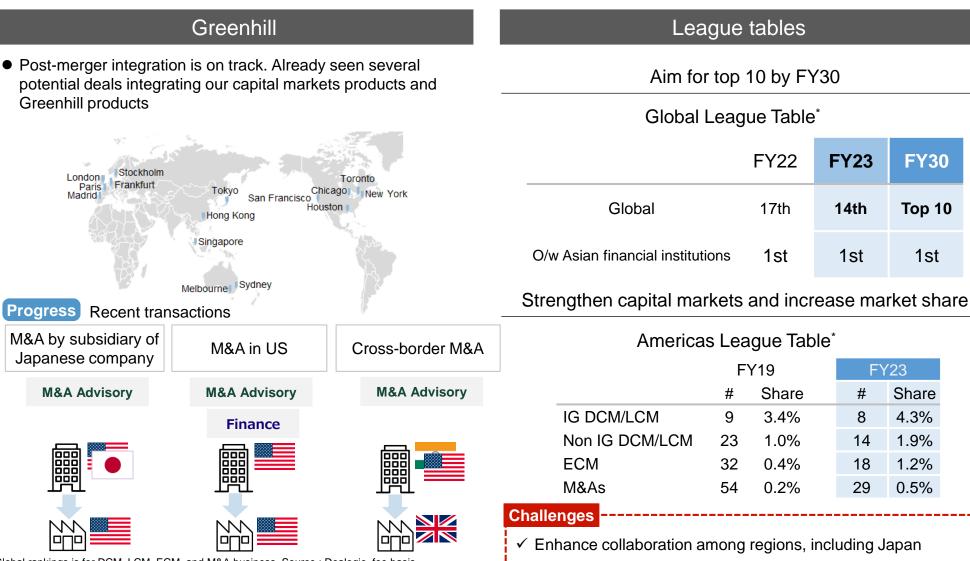
#### Progress



**FY23** 

## Global CIB business (2)

Acquisition of Greenhill will further expand our product coverage as well as our global reach.



\* Global rankings is for DCM, LCM, ECM, and M&A business. Source : Dealogic, fee basis

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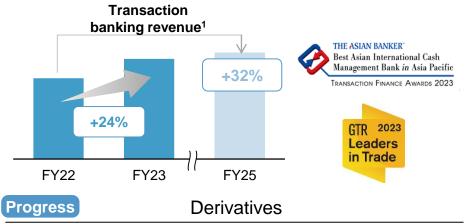


#### **Progress and Challenges: APAC**

#### Progress

**Transaction Banking** 

- Provided trade finance as an entry ticket to capture trade and capital flow
- Transaction banking revenues have increased, as a result of increased FX/deposit business and expansion of client base



- Optimize resources and enhance foundation by integrating banking-securities business platform
  - Until FY23: Built framework (integrated sales teams, consolidated operational process)
  - FY24: Full-scale operation and monetization

#### Challenges

**MIZHO** 

- $\checkmark\,$  Expand derivative and FX flows
- 1. Revenue from current deposit+FX+Trade Finance (non-interest income). 2. Carbon dioxide capture and storage.

## **Progress and Challenges: EMEA**

#### Progress

#### Sustainability

• Connecting the expertise we have cultivated through arranging finance in EMEA, the leading region for sustainability initiatives, with advisory services



Arranged project finance for the world's first next-generation geothermal power generation and district heating project



Appointed as ESG coordinator for the first green Ninja loans by European company





Appointed as active bookrunner for Europe's first green bonds for nuclear power



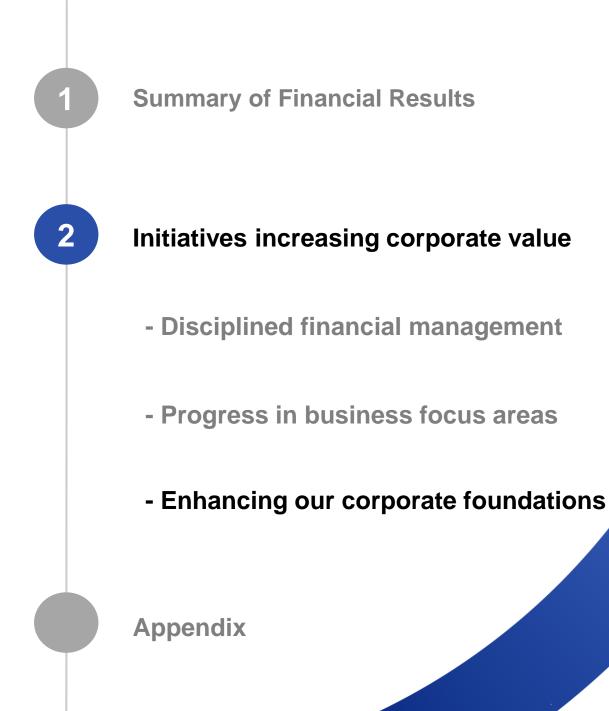


Advisory services for a  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{CCS}}^2$  project

#### Challenges

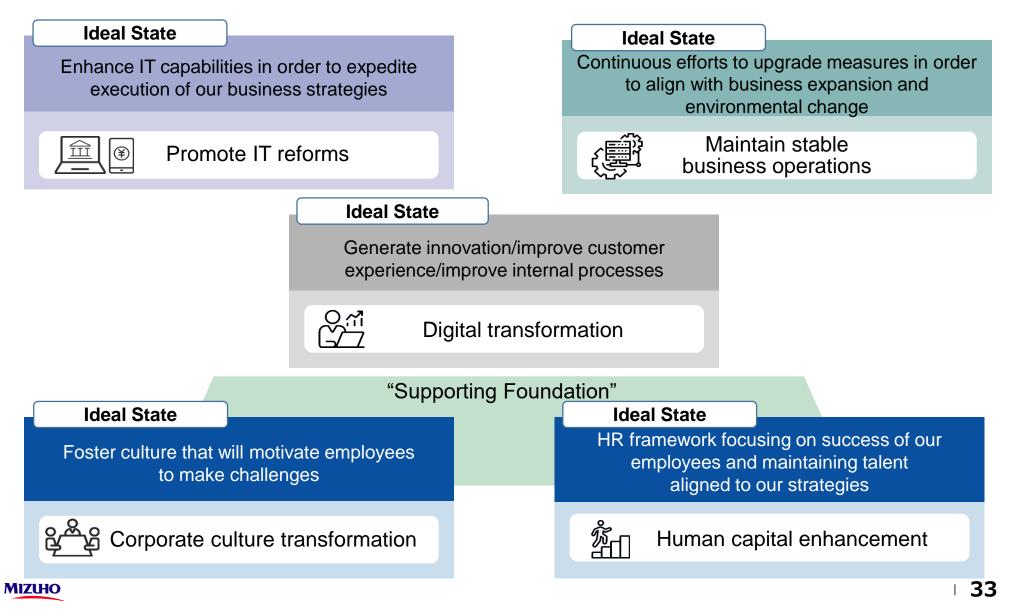
✓ Leverage sustainability knowledge globally

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## Enhancing our corporate foundations

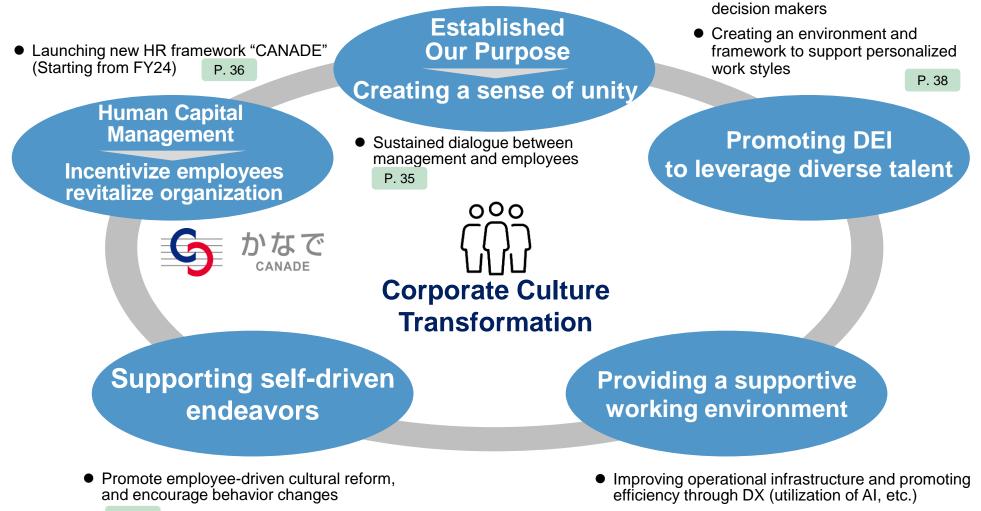
Open-minded culture and strong human capital are the foundation for reinforcing our organizational platform driving Mizuho's growth





Ensuring diversity in management and

Improve employee engagement/inclusion so that our employees can fully realize their capabilities and have success



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# Cultural Transformation led by top management

- Continued dialogue between management and employees. Made efforts to provide feedback on suggestions received during such dialogue in order to promote employee engagement
- Promoted initiatives led by Head of each business line (CUG). Executed reforms aligned to the situation of each front office

Sessions with employees by CEO and management to discuss Corporate Identity





GCEO / President & CEO	Office visits <sup>1</sup>	Town hall <sup>2</sup>		
FG: Masahiro Kihara	69	50		
BK: Masahiko Kato	32	74		
SC: Yoshiro Hamamoto	26	38		
TB: Kei Umeda	34	30		
RT: Masatoshi Yoshihara	23	51		
M-DIM <sup>3</sup>				





## Initiatives by Head of each CUG

- Appoint CUG Culture Ambassadors
- Set individual tasks for each CUG
  - Deeply analyze the response to Staff Survey
  - Articulate action plan

- Message and dialogue by Head of CUG
- Support initiatives voluntarily led by employees
- Promote internal communication



1. Visiting front offices in Japan. 2. Including roundtable discussions and town hall meetings outside of Japan. 3. Mizuho Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Month





## Beginning the transition to our new HR framework "CANADE" in FY24



- Employee perspective: Supportive working environment, self-fulfillment, workplace of choice
- Company perspective: Retain talented workforce aligned to our strategies
- As a result, Employees and Mizuho grow together



## **HR Platform**

Moving from an entity-by-entity platform to

## a Group-wide framework

a platform that enables employees to play an active role in a wide range of opportunities provided by Mizuho



# Framework that encourages employees to take on challenges

Departing from a conventional Japanese HR framework (seniority-based etc.) to

# a framework that allows employees to act on their self-driven endeavors and pursue their own careers

Introduction of "role based compensation" based on employees capabilities and expectations

### Alignment with Mizuho's strategies

Shifting from "HR Division" led HR management to

# strategic allocation and training of human capital that best aligns to business needs

Clear definition of required capabilities, effective recruitment and training are key elements



### Culture Transformation driven by employees

- Foster momentum to create corporate culture among employees through employee-driven initiatives
- Fully support employees to realize their own initiatives and ideas. Behavioral patterns are showing positive change

Executive

officers

### Employee-driven initiatives

• Reverse mentoring

generate new ideas

Junior

employees

 $OVERALLs \times Mizuho$ 

Revitalize communications and

• "Considering the ideal

workplace together"

Mentoring

Revitalizing in-person communication

Creating a comfortable workplace

• Publication of Forbes Japan: Special Edition for Mizuho



Generative AI ideathon

Contest for ideas of new businesses and ways to improve operational efficiency

Approved ideas: **10** Applications: **2,019** (**331** branches)

• Corporate Identity art







### "Positive Change" in employee behavior

# Created a new business based on employee's idea



- "Mizuho Pochette" was launched as a JV with SEGA XD, the first commercialized business through "GCEO Challenge", where employees propose new business ideas to management
- The winner of the contest (BK employee) was appointed as CEO
   1<sup>st</sup> Case



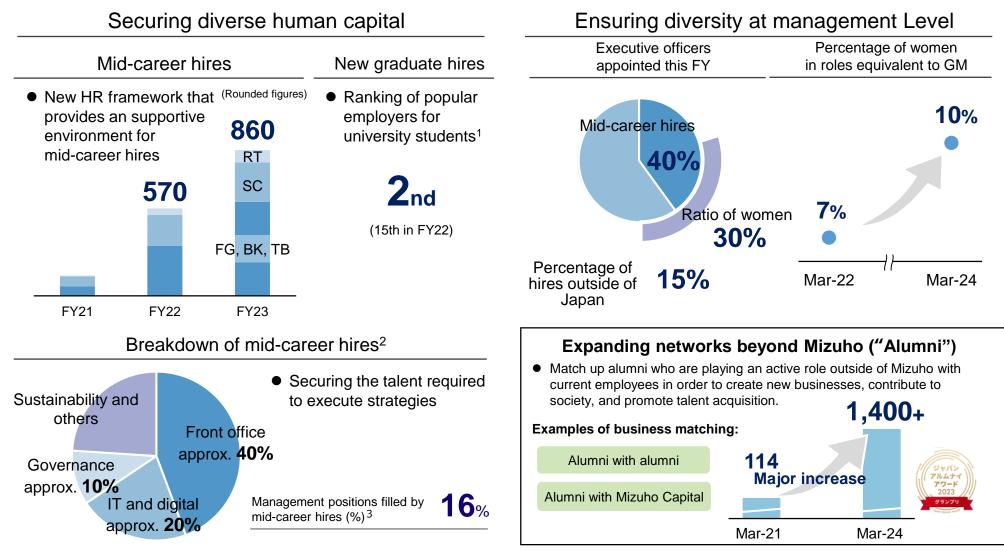
#### Branch originated idea advances to group-wide initiative

- · Launch of NISA seminar with relaxing atmosphere and free drinks
- With collaboration between branches in Yaesu/ Nihonbashi area and HQ, this idea was generated and advanced to a nation-wide initiative
- Continued improvements in event management based on experiences shared via company SNS

Mizuho NISA Café



Accelerate growth by ensuring a workplace where a diversified pool of talents work together



1. Mynavi Corporation ranking of most popular employers among university students seeking employment (students graduating in 2025, composite ranking for arts majors). 2. FG, BK, and TB, FY23 results. 3. FG, BK, TB, SC, RT.



### Progress of initiatives on cultural reform

**Ideal State** 

Employees' mindset is showing positive change. Continue to take the necessary measures to develop this positive trend into a strong momentum that will lead to change in behavioral patterns

For all employees to fully understand our Purpose, so that everyone can think and act proactively and join forces to provide value to customers, the economy, and society.



#### Staff survey results

- Almost every item improved. Significant results were seen in employees' deeper understanding of our Purpose
- However, there are still items for improvement

Results	Improved significantly	Improved but still low
Items	Real sense of change Resounding with Corporate Identity	Mutual understanding between corporate divisions and business divisions

#### Priorities for FY2024

- Dialogue led by **General Managers** for employees to better understand our Corporate Identity
- Encourage behavior change conveying Corporate Values
- Listen to voices from front offices and understand individual circumstances of business segments and employees

\* Positive response rate (selection of 4 or 5 on a scale from 1 to 5) for four Staff Survey questions related to engagement and inclusion.

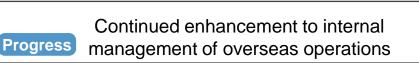
### Maintaining stable business operations

- Continuous efforts to prevent major system failures by implementing measures into day-to-day operations
- In addition, continuous enhancements to IT governance aligning to external environmental changes and business expansion

Progress on IT governance improvement plan

- Prevented major system failure in FY23
  - Major system failures<sup>1</sup>: None
  - Recovery beyond 3 hours<sup>1</sup>: None
  - > Transactions processed next-day<sup>1,2</sup>: None
- Company-wide initiatives maintain employee awareness of past system failures
- Completed reporting requirements to the JFSA as of Jan 15, 2024

IT system failure prevention	<ul> <li>Preventive maintenance measures and early parts replacement</li> <li>Visualize and share recovery procedures</li> </ul>
Enhancement of response capabilities	<ul> <li>Thorough initial response, swift reporting framework to clients</li> <li>Practical training with ATMs</li> </ul>
Continuous Action	<ul> <li>Improve by learning from external incidents</li> <li>Set up IT/DX Committee to further enhance supervision</li> </ul>
Maintaining awareness	<ul> <li>Set up an exhibition room to maintain awareness</li> <li>Training programs with real-life scenarios and a sense of urgency</li> </ul>



Enhancement to IT governance

- Appointment of regional CxO from FY23
- Overseas offices to carry out self-directed initiatives for various issues



#### Progress

#### Enhancement to cybersecurity

- Conducted enhancement program in all areas
- Developed roadmap to further strengthen measures

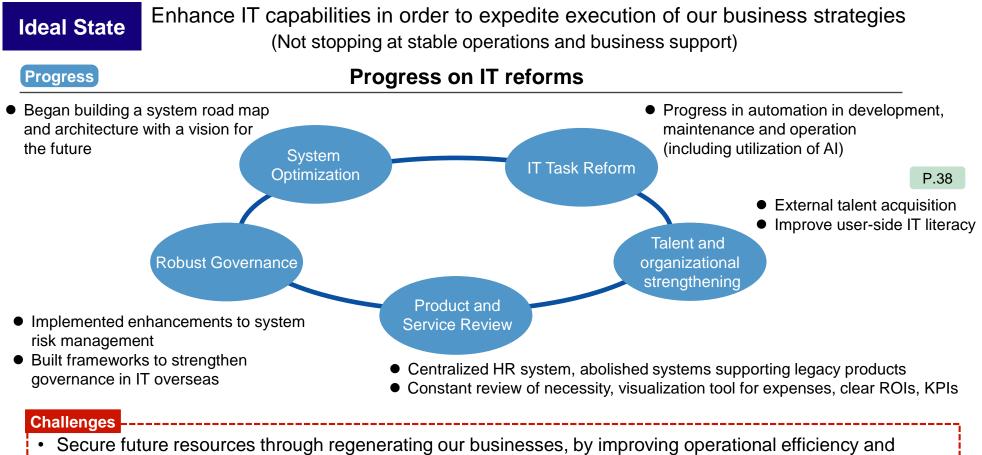
<sup>2.</sup> Number of system failures in which transactions that should have been processed on that day were handled on the following day (in Japan).



<sup>1.</sup> Failures of systems with a large impact (impact in Japan, excl. those caused by external factors). Apr. 2023 – Mar. 2024.

### Promote IT reform

Review of legacy products partially progressed. Firm-wide regeneration of business for effective IT cost control and promotion of CTB



- eliminating legacy products
- Further talent acquisition, training, optimal allocation, along with standardization of IT operations to eliminate redundancy

### We have and will continue to...

Show sustainable achievements and commit to further growth Build our unique business model by creating "synergies" among our strengths

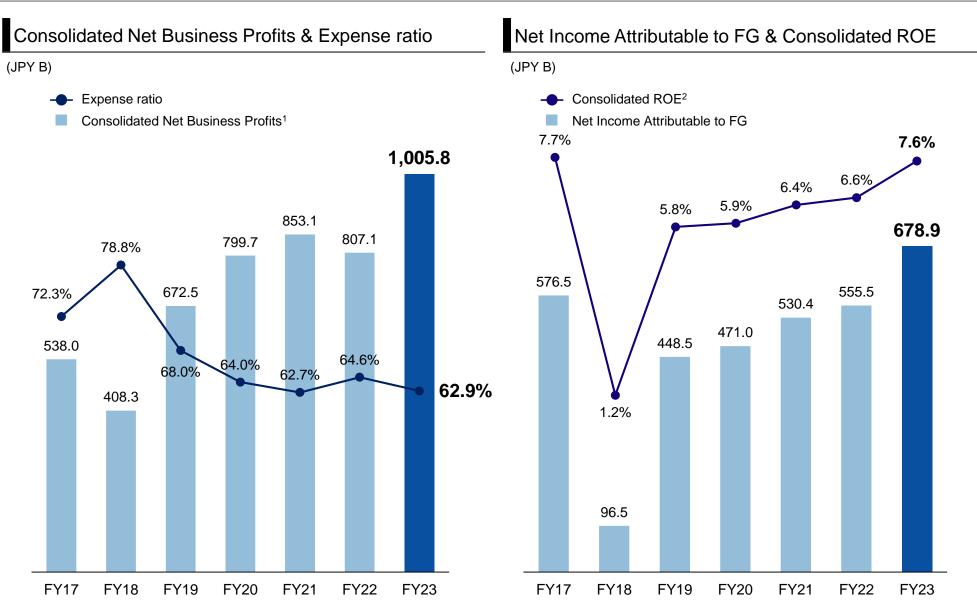
Achieve constant progress in Culture Transformation

"Positive Change" to "Strong Momentum"



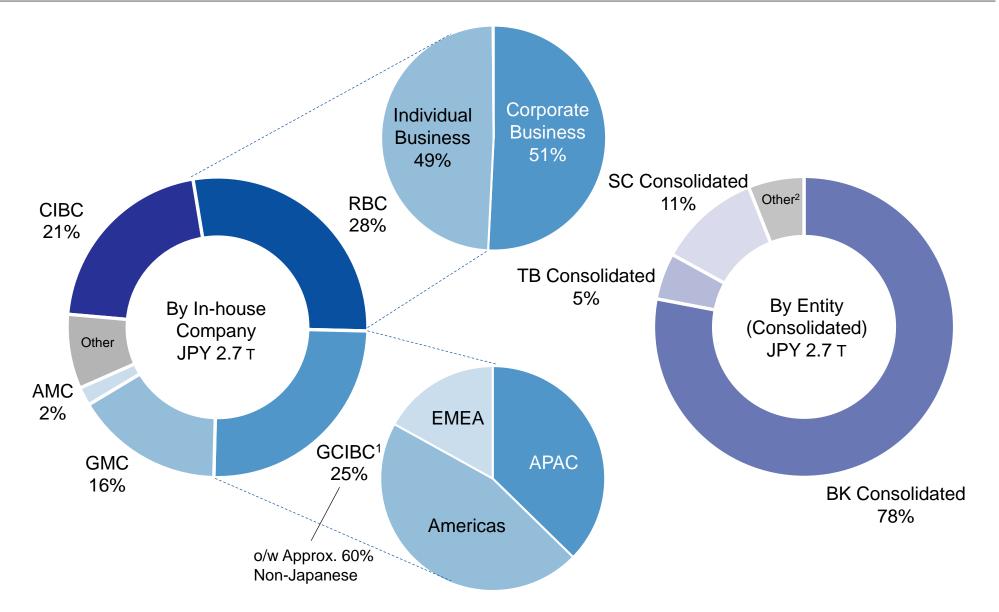


### **Historical Performance**



1. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others 2. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities.

### Who we are: Mizuho Group/Breakdown of FY23 Gross Profits



1. Breakdown for regions are aggregated after exclusion of portion recorded at Head Quarter. 2. Incl. transactions between subsidiaries that should be consolidated and eliminated as internal transactions.

### Financial Results by In-house Company

(JPY B)							Group a	ggregate, preli	minary figures
	Gross	Profits	G&A Ex	penses	Net Busin	ess Profits	Net Ir	icome	ROE
	FY23	YoY <sup>1</sup>	FY23	YoY <sup>1</sup>	FY23	YoY <sup>1</sup>	FY23	YoY <sup>1</sup>	FY23
Customer Groups	2,033.0	+135.7	-1,257.4	-105.3	791.4	+47.7	555.3	+21.8	7.3%
RBC	749.2	+42.6	-651.1	-45.4	105.0	+24.7	51.2	+11.9	2.7%
CIBC	556.3	+47.6	-217.8	-15.7	346.2	+33.3	287.3	-7.4	9.2%
GCIBC	670.2	+43.0	-352.4	-43.1	337.4	-0.2	223.5	+27.5	9.0%
AMC	57.2	+2.4	-36.1	-1.1	2.8	-10.1	-6.6	-10.3	_
Markets (GMC) <sup>2</sup>	432.5	+118.3	-307.4	-54.0	125.0	+65.1	82.8	+48.0	3.8%
Banking <sup>2</sup>	45.4	+64.4	-50.0	-7.0	-4.6	+57.4			
Sales & Trading	387.1	+53.8	-257.4	-46.9	129.6	+7.6			

1. Figures for YoY are recalculated based on the FY23 management accounting rules. 2. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs of 2 Banks.

### **Retail & Business Banking Company**

(JPY B)		FY22	FY23	YoY	FY Plan Progres	s			R	esults	Sum	mary	Group A	ggregate <sup>1</sup>
Gross Profits	1	706.6	749.2	+42.6	-					•		o increased Inte ne fell short due		
o/w Interest Income	2	288.4	317.9	+29.5			n-recurring							
o/w Non-interest Income	3	418.2	431.3	+13.1		Loa	an Balance (a	avg. bal	ance) & S	Spread <sup>3</sup>		Non-interes	t Incon	ne
G&A Expenses <sup>2</sup>	4	-605.8	-651.1	-45.4		(JP)	( T) 0.60%		0.61%	)	(JPY	<sup>′ B)</sup> <b>418.2</b>	431.	3
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	-18.4	7.0	+25.3			24.6		24.5	_		189.7	183.	3
Net Business Profits	6	80.4	105.0	+24.7	88.0 119%		16.0		16.3			113.9	120.	6
Credit-related costs	7	-13.3	-6.7	+6.6			0.0		8.2			114.6	127.	3
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	14.2	14.3	+0.1			8.6 FY22		6.2 FY23			FY22	FY2	
Others	9	-42.0	-61.4	-19.5		_	Individuals SP for Co		Corpor s		Pls	<ul> <li>Individual Asset I</li> <li>Solution Busines</li> </ul>		
Net Income	10	39.3	51.2	+11.9	55.0 93%						F 13			
	_				-	<c< td=""><td>corporate&gt;</td><td></td><td>FY22</td><td>FY23</td><td><in< td=""><td>dividual&gt;</td><td>Mar-23</td><td>Mar-24</td></in<></td></c<>	corporate>		FY22	FY23	<in< td=""><td>dividual&gt;</td><td>Mar-23</td><td>Mar-24</td></in<>	dividual>	Mar-23	Mar-24
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	1,943.6	1,914.9	-28.7		Nu	mber of IPOs <sup>4</sup>		2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Asse	ets in Custody (JPY T	) 50.9	61.8
ROE	12	2.0%	2.7%	+0.7%	2.8%		gh-profit loan Ba ºY B)	alance <sup>5</sup>	712.9	915.3	C	o∕w SC <sup>7</sup> (JPY T)	45.4	55.5
Gross Profits RORA	13	3.9%	4.1%	+0.2%		<lr< td=""><td>ndividual&gt;</td><td></td><td>FY22</td><td>FY23</td><td></td><td>holding period of ty investment trusts<sup>8</sup></td><td>7.4yrs</td><td>6.7yrs</td></lr<>	ndividual>		FY22	FY23		holding period of ty investment trusts <sup>8</sup>	7.4yrs	6.7yrs
Expense ratio	14	85.7%	86.9%	+1.2%	_		mber of NISA counts opened <sup>6</sup>	(K)	60	117		erence: stry wide avg. <sup>8,9</sup>	5.1yrs	4.1yrs

1. New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Excl. Non-recurring losses and others.

3. BK+TB, management accounting. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities and loans to the Japanese Government and others. 4. IPO bookrunner number. Source: Capital Eye.

5. Highly profitable loans of JPY 1 billion or more, period-end balance. 6. BK+SC (Retail & Business Banking Segment). 7. For Retail & Business Banking segment.

8. Calculated by dividing previous year's average balance by total cancellations/redemption value. 9. Prepared based on data published by Investment Trust Association, Japan.

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### Corporate & Investment Banking Company

(JPY B)		51/00	EVOO				P	<b>I</b> 4 -		Group A	ggregate <sup>1</sup>
(JFTD)		FY22	FY23	YoY	FY Plan Progress	S	R	esuits	Summary		
Gross Profits	1	508.7	556.3	+47.6		U 1			orporate actions, opera et Profit slightly decrea	01	
o/w Interest Income	2	243.6	256.4	+12.8		increase in for			<b>u</b>		
o/w Non-interest Income	3	265.2	297.7	+32.5		Loan Balance (a	avg. balance) & S	Spread <sup>3</sup>	Non-Interest	Incom	ne
G&A Expenses <sup>2</sup>	4	-202.1	-217.8	-15.7		(JPY T) 0.53%	0.55%	)	(JPY B)	297.	7
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	6.4	7.7	+1.3		•			265.2	133.	6
Net Business Profits	6	312.9	346.2	+33.3	321.0 108%		31.2		129.4	100.	
Credit-related costs	7	-43.8	-86.3	-42.5	-	30.0	51.2		135.9	164.	1
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	100.3	86.8	-13.5		FY22	FY23		FY22	FY2	3
Others	9	-74.8	-59.5	+15.3		Loan	BalanceS		Solutions Busine	ess ∎Otł	ner
Net Income	10	294.6	287.3	-7.4	281.0 102%		League	Tables	and references		
	_				-		FY22	FY23		FY22	FY23
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	3,314.9	3,111.5	-203.5	-	DCM <sup>4</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	M&A <sup>5,7</sup> No. of deals	3 <sup>rd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>
ROE	12	8.9%	9.2%	+0.3%	8.8%	SDGs bond <sup>4</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Total amount	4 <sup>th</sup>	7 <sup>th</sup>
Gross Profits RORA	13	2.2%	2.4%	+0.3%		LCM <sup>5</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	SI Investment <sup>8</sup> (Period-end balance	135	151
Expense ratio	14	39.7%	39.2%	-0.6%		ECM <sup>5,6</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	FY19=100)		

1. New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Excl. Non-recurring losses and others.

3. BK+TB, management accounting. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities and loans to the Japanese Government. 4. Based on underwriting amount and pricing date basis. Incl. samurai bonds, municipal bonds (underwriting only), preferred securities. Excl. own debt, securitization and security token. Source: Capital Eye. 5. Source: LSEG. 6. Based on bookrunner and pricing date. Deals including initial public offerings, public offerings, convertible bonds and REITs. 7. Involving Japanese corporates (excl. real estate). 8. Strategic investment. Hybrid financing, Equity & Mezzanine, etc.

### Global Corporate & Investment Banking Company

•		Group A	Aggregate <sup>1</sup>
Summai	iry		
			0
a net rever	rsal in Cred	lit-related	l costs,
N	Ion-Intere	st Incor	ne
(JPY B) <b>3</b> '	12.3	347	.4
		87.	3
		190	.0
1	84.2		
■ IB Busi	siness Credit-	-related fees	s ■Other
s and ref	ferences		
FY23		FY22	FY23
	Asia		
	Banking	125%	155%
	(vs FY19)		
6 <sup>th</sup> 1.9%			
	Profits while a net reve (JPY B) 3 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A net reversal in Creck Non-Intere (JPY B) 312.3 92.2 184.2 35.8 FY22 IB Business = Credite s and references FY23 8 <sup>th</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 4.4% 14 <sup>th</sup> 6 <sup>th</sup>	Summary         Profits while Interest Income stanet reversal in Credit-related         Non-Interest Incor         (JPY B)       347         312.3       87.         92.2       190         184.2       190         35.8       70.         FY22       FY2         IB Business = Credit-related fees         s and references         Sth       FY23         8th       Asia         Transaction       Banking         125%       Income <sup>6</sup> (vs FY19)       125%

New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules.
 Excl. Non-recurring losses and others.
 BK (incl. the subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico).
 Excl. loans between the consolidated entities.
 Bonds issued by investment grade corporations. Fee basis.
 Source: Dealogic.
 High Yield Loans and Bonds issued by non-investment grade corporations, fee basis.
 Source: Dealogic.
 Current deposit + FX + Trade Finance (Non-interest income).

### **Global Markets Company**

(JPY B)		FY22	FY23	YoY	FY Plan F	Progress	5			Resu	lts Su	ummary	C	Group Aggregate <sup>1</sup>	
Gross Profits	1	314.2	432.5	+118.3	-		Banking:					• •		k prices and	
o/w Banking	2	-19.0	45.4	+64.4				0	ign bonds. end of FY						
o/w S&T	3	333.2	387.1	+53.8			S&T:				•			rning power	
G&A Expenses <sup>2</sup>	4	-253.5	-307.4	-54.0					h produc	•	n and o	capturing div	erse custo	mer flows both	
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	-	-	-						\ <b>A</b>					
Net Business Profits	<b>3</b> 6	59.9	125.0	+65.1	154.0	81%	(Ref.) Unrealized Gains (Losses) <sup>4</sup>								
o/w Banking	7	-62.0	-4.6	+57.4			(JPY B)			505.0			Consolidated		
o/w S&T	8	121.9	129.6	+7.6				-613		-505.9		× 1.1			
					-		JGBs	-46.	.4	0.2	~			ad decreased f losses on	
Credit-related costs	ed costs 9 -0.4 <b>0.4</b> +0.7 Foreign -454.6 -494.1						securities		I losses on						
Net Gains (Losses) related	10	-	_	-			Bonds				✓			on of interest	
to Stocks and others							ETF,	-112	2.8	-12.0 rate risk management across					
Others	11	-24.8	-42.6	-17.8			Funds					securities portfolio and ALM			
Net Income	12	34.8	82.8	+48.0	104.0	80%		Mar-	-23	Mar-24					
					-				S	RT Gross		its by Pro	duct		
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	13	1,689.7	2,206.1	+516.5			(JPY B)		00					accounting basis	
ROE	14	2.1%	3.8%	+1.7%	4.2%				158.3	17	6.7	189	).3	195.5	
Gross Profits RORA	15	3.1%	3.3%	+0.2%			Ea	uity	150.5						
Expense ratio	16	80.7%	71.1%	-9.6%			-								
									FY22 H1		H2	FY23	3 H1	H2	

1. New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Excl. Non-recurring losses and others.

3. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs (2 Banks). 4. Changes in value to be recorded directory to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. After hedge accounting. After applying Net deferred gains/ losses on deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments related to other securities.

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### Asset Management Company

(JPY B)		FY22	FY23	YoY	FY Plan <i>F</i>	Proaress	3		R	esults	Summary		Group A	.ggregate <sup>1</sup>
Gross Profits	1	54.8	57.2	+2.4	-		Although		t Trusts	and Per	sion busines			
o/w Investment Trusts	2	32.9	35.3	+2.4							ofits and Net form Investr			
o/w Pension	3	13.2	14.0	+0.8				AUN	Λ		Equity in	vestme	nt trus	t AUM <sup>4</sup>
G&A Expenses <sup>2</sup>	4	-35.0	-36.1	-1.1			(JPY T)	62.5		AM-One 58.9	(JPY T)			AM-One
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	-0.1	-11.9	-11.8			60.5	62.5						
Net Business Profits	6	12.8	2.8	-10.1	14.0	20%	42.4	45.5	4	19.7				11.0
Credit-related costs	7	-	-	-	-		18.1	17.0		19.2	9.0	8.8		
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	-	-	-			Mar-22	Mar-2		ar-24	Mar-22	Mar-2	3 M	lar-24
Others	9	-9.2	-9.4	-0.2			Investm	ent trusts	Pension/		Pls			
Net Income	10	3.7	-6.6	-10.3	5.0	-%					15			
	· ·				-		(K)		Mar-23	Mar-24	(JPY T)		Mar-23	Mar-24
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	104.3	95.3	-9.0			DC Partion	•	1,741	1,799	DC Pensio	n AUM	2.9	3.7
ROE	12	3.5%	-	-	4.5%		Corpora	ate type	1,427	1,454	DB Pensior	n AUM	6.6	7.2
Ref. ROE (Goodwill considered) <sup>3</sup>	13	19.6%	-	-			iDeCo		314	345			FY22	FY23
Gross Profits RORA	14	19.0%	20.8%	+1.9%							R&I investm		Ord	
Expense ratio	15	63.9%	63.1%	-0.8%	-						sales compa satisfaction		3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>

1. New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Excl. Non-recurring losses and others.

3. Estimated figures after deducting major goodwill amortization, etc., and major goodwill, etc., recorded for internal risk capital for fiscal period.

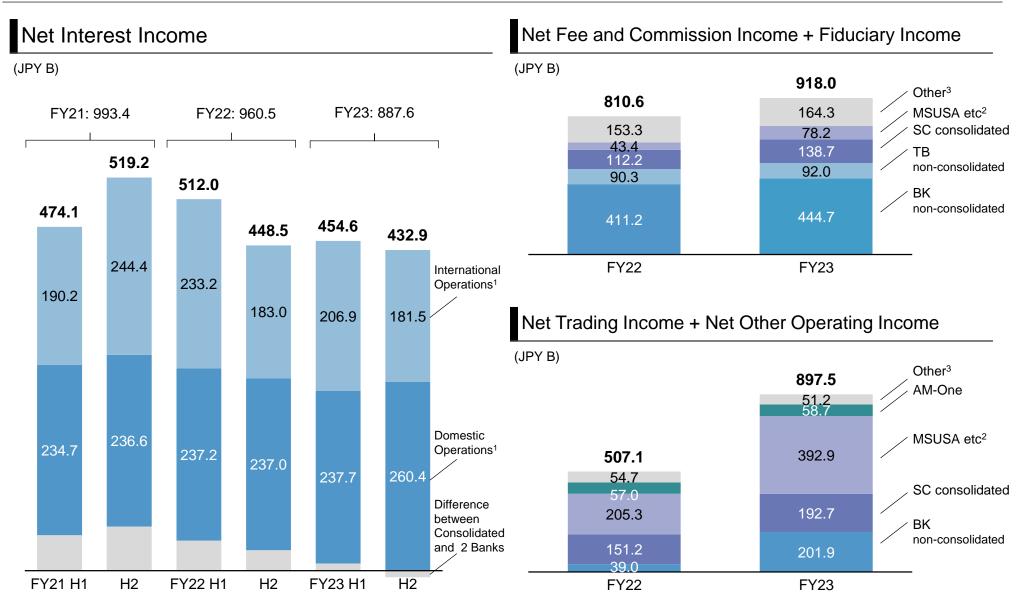
4. Excl. ETFs. Source: The Investment Trusts Association data. 5. BK. 6. AM-One. Source: R&I 'Fund information' Vol. 390, 417

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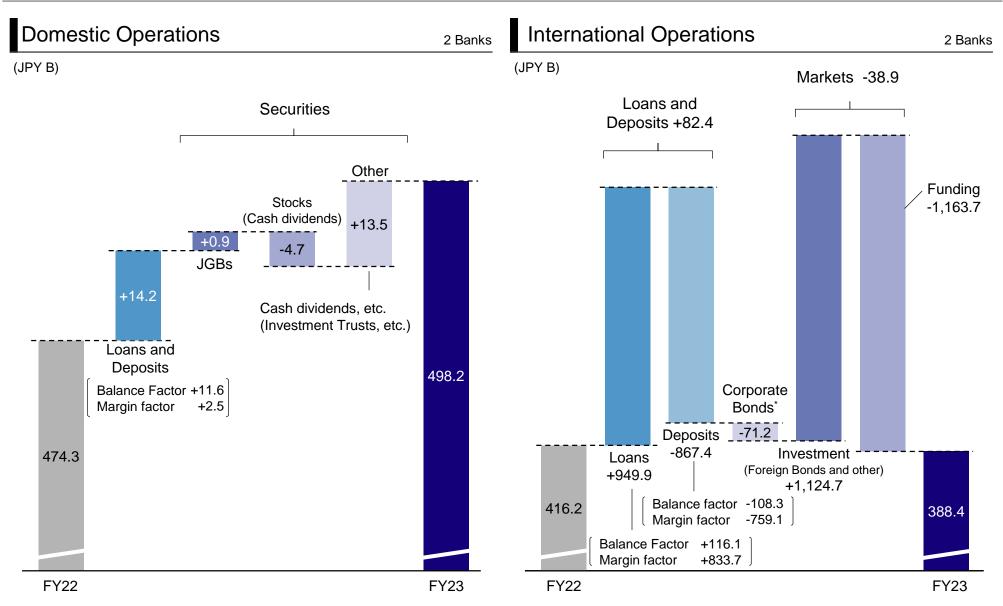
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### **Consolidated Gross Profits**



1. 2 Banks. 2. U.S. based security entities (such as MSUSA) which are not consolidated subsidiaries of SC. 3. Incl. consolidation adjustments.

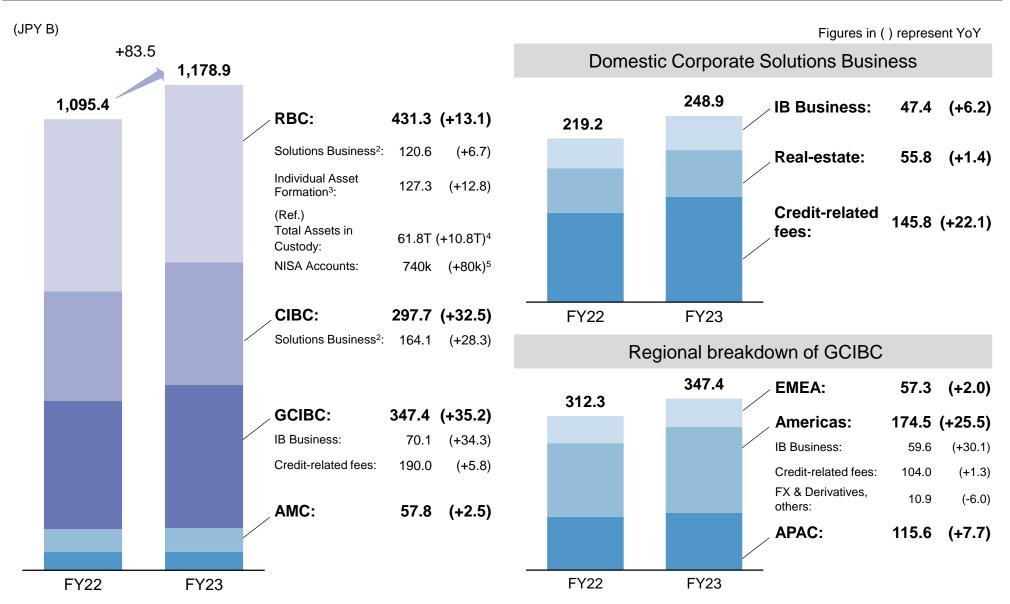
### Net Interest Income



\* Incl. loans payable.



### Non-interest Income<sup>1</sup>



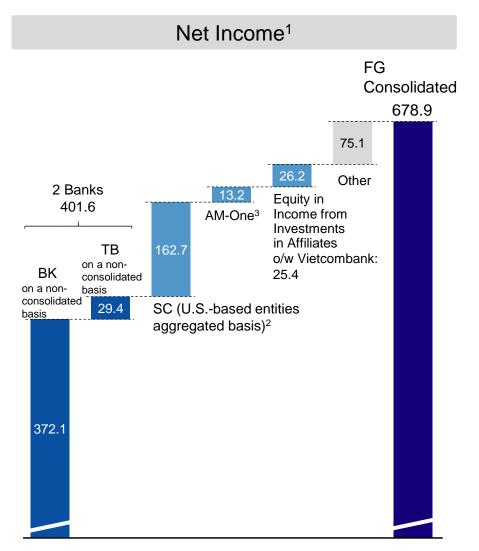
1. FY23 management accounting rules. Total for FY22 recalculated (originally JPY 1,113.4B). 2. Incl. fees related to investment banking business and real-estate brokerage. 3. BK investment trusts, annuities+SC individual segment, PB segment. 4. Combination of SC's Retail Banking Business Division and 2 Banks (Individual annuities, Investment trusts excl. MMF, Foreign currency deposits). 5. BK+SC.

#### (JPY B)

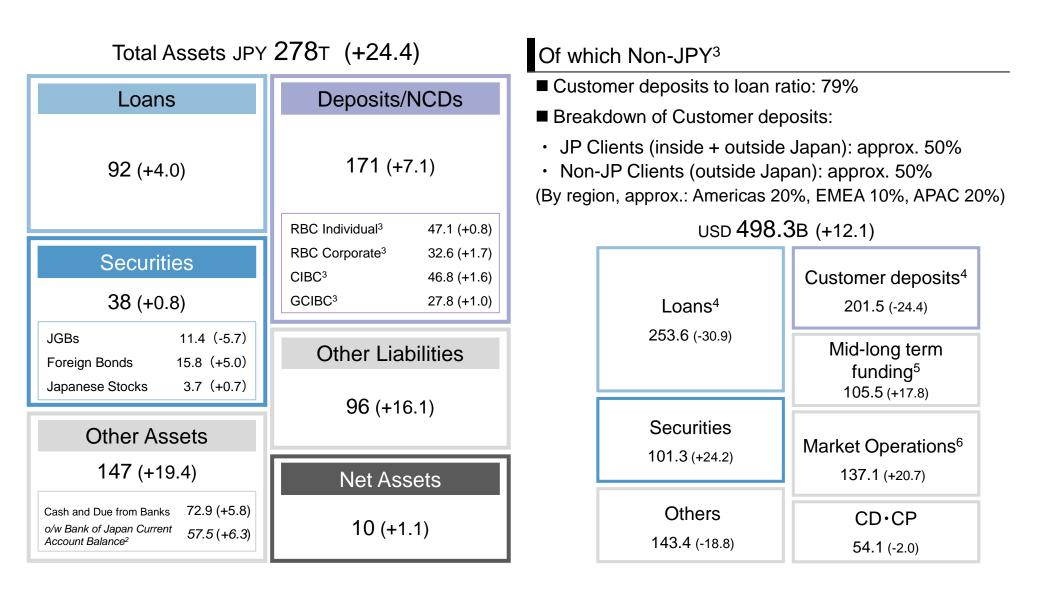
Net Business Profits <sup>1</sup>	FY22	FY23	YoY
BK on a non-consolidated basis	543.4	624.0	+80.6
TB on a non-consolidated basis	30.6	26.7	-3.8
SC (U.Sbased entities aggregated basis) $^2$	114.5	182.2	+67.7
AM-One <sup>3</sup>	21.0	20.6	-0.4
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	11.8	26.2	+14.3
Other	85.4	125.8	+40.3
FG Consolidated	807.1	1,005.8	+198.6

#### Net Income<sup>1</sup>

BK on a non-consolidated basis	396.1	372.1	-23.9
TB on a non-consolidated basis	26.9	29.4	+2.4
SC (U.Sbased entities aggregated basis) <sup>2</sup>	79.8	162.7	+82.9
AM-One <sup>3</sup>	14.0	13.2	-0.8
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	11.8	26.2	+14.3
Other	26.5	75.1	+48.5
FG Consolidated	555.5	678.9	+123.4

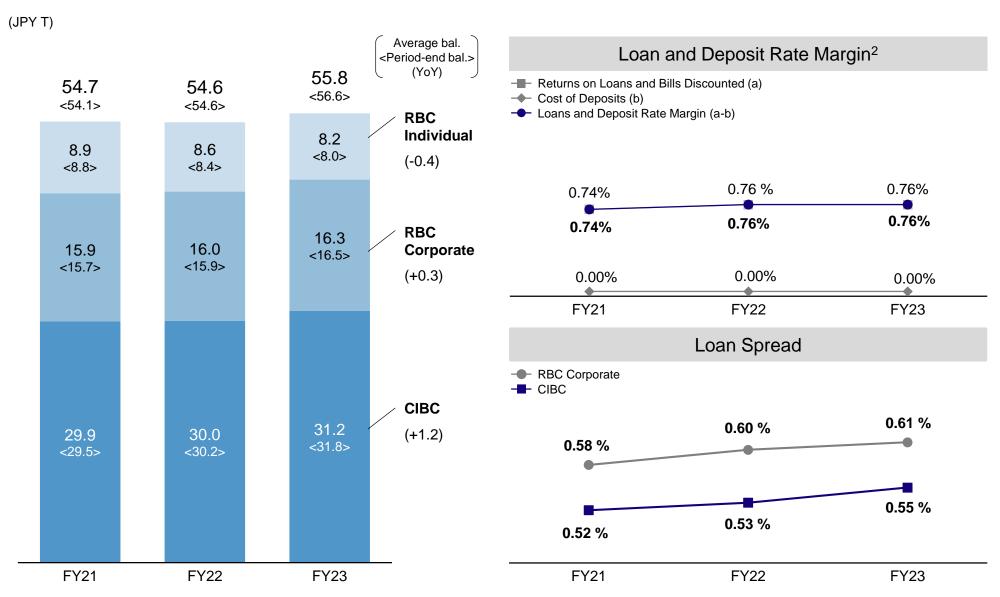


1. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others. Rounded figures before consolidation adjustment. 2. Net Business Profits are the sum of figures from SC consolidation and U.S.-based entities (such as MSUSA, etc.) which are not consolidated subsidiaries of SC. Net Income is Management accounting basis, which includes the figures of such U.S. based entities. Figures of U.S.-based entities are: Net Business Profits JPY 131.5B, FY23 Net Income JPY 93.8B. 3. Excl. Consolidation, Amortization of Goodwill and other.



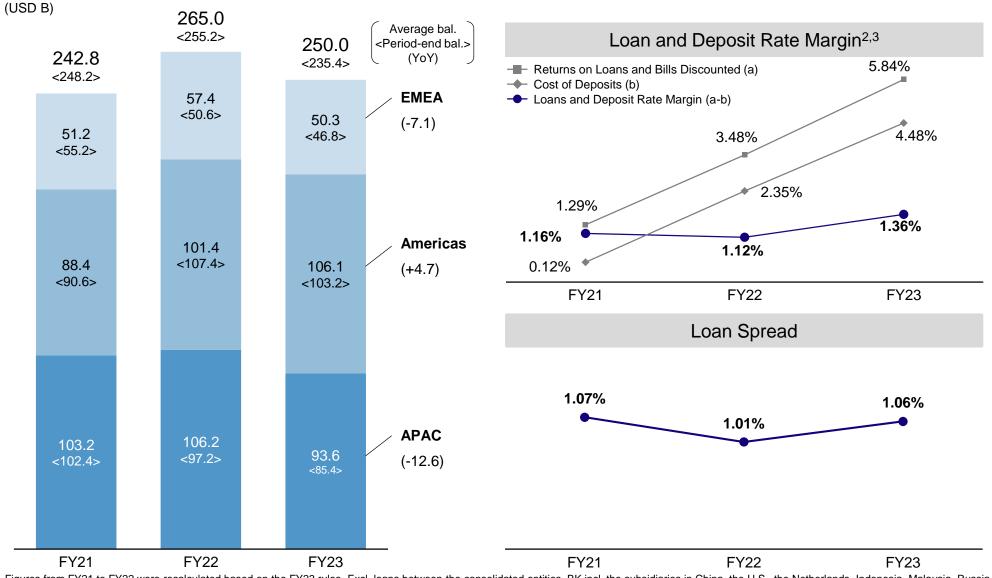
<sup>1.</sup> Figures in () represent YoY. 2. 2 Banks. 3. BK+TB. FY23 management accounting rules. 4. BK in Japan and subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico. 5. Corporate bonds, currency swaps, etc. 6. Repos, interbank, Central bank deposits and others.

### Loans in Japan<sup>1</sup>



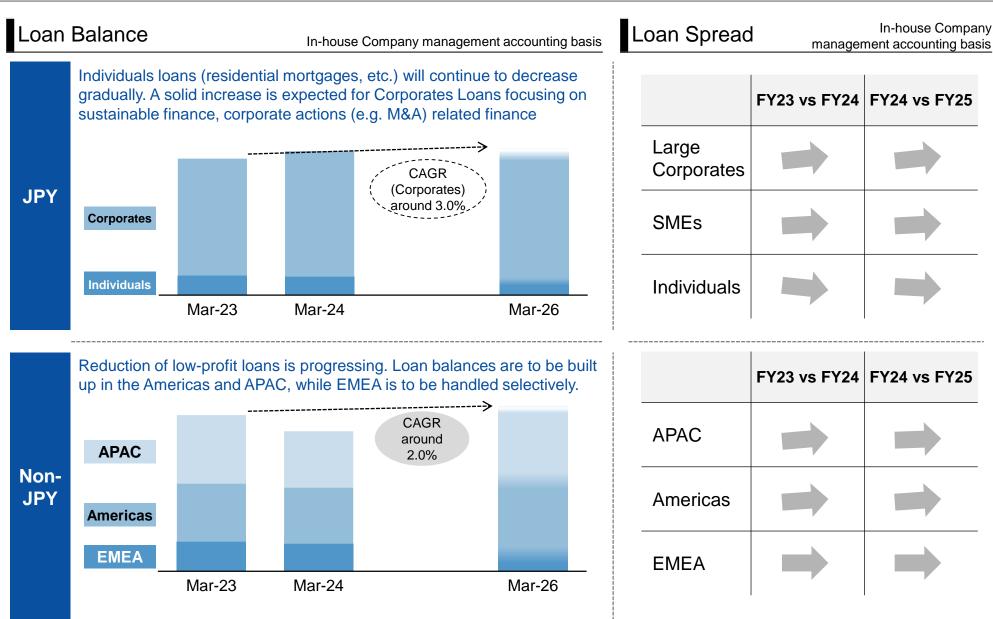
1. BK+TB. FY23 management accounting rules. Figures from FY21 to FY22 recalculated based on the new rules. Excl. loans between consolidated entities and loans to Japanese Government and others. 2. 2 Banks. Excl. loans to financial institutions (incl. FG), Japanese Government & others. Domestic operations.

### Loans outside Japan<sup>1</sup>

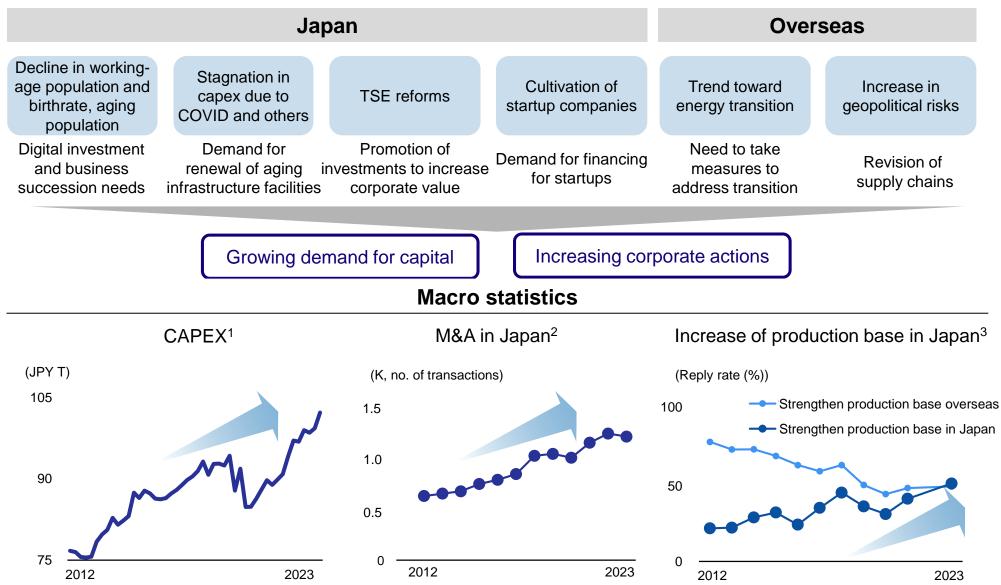


1. Figures from FY21 to FY22 were recalculated based on the FY23 rules. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities. BK incl. the subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico. 2. BK, International Operations. 3. There was an error in some of figures for Returns on Loans and Bills Discounted after FY22 mid-term period. The result for FY22 in this graph includes the corrected figures. Individually they are: FY22 - 2Q 2.34%, 3Q 2.98%, FY23 - 1Q 5.55%, 2Q 5.68%, 3Q 5.77% (accumulative totals for each FY).

### (Ref.) Outlook on Loans



### (Ref.) Business environment of Japanese companies



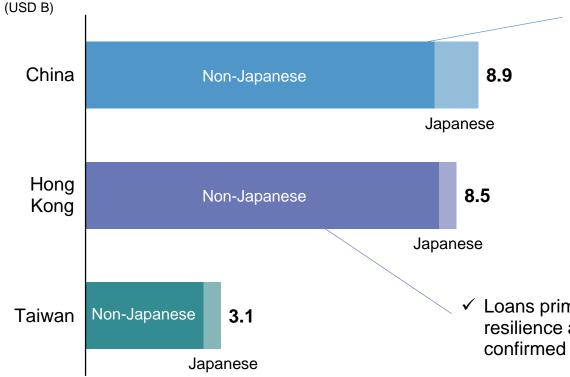
1. Made by RT from Cabinet Office "Quarterly Estimates of GDP – Release Archive". Vertical Axis is price in 2015. 2. Made by RT from Recof "M&A database". Only includes M&A transactions. Excluding any transactions that did not go through after disclosure. 3. Made by RT from Development Bank of Japan "Research on National Infrastructure Investment Plans. Proportion of replies that said strengthen either production base in Japan or overseas approximately in the next 3 years. Only includes large corporate or producers, of which answered to have production base in both overseas and Japan.

### Portfolio outside Japan (1)

### Loans to China, Hong Kong and Taiwan (Mar-24)<sup>1</sup>

Balance after guarantee at country or region of risk

- Control the quantity and quality of the loan portfolio while improving profitability mainly by non-interest income
  - Achieve mobility in loan assets by actively managing their maturity and salability
  - Enhance returns on a by-client and by-deal basis, through the strengthening of Transaction Banking, DCM, etc., and reduction of low-profitability assets



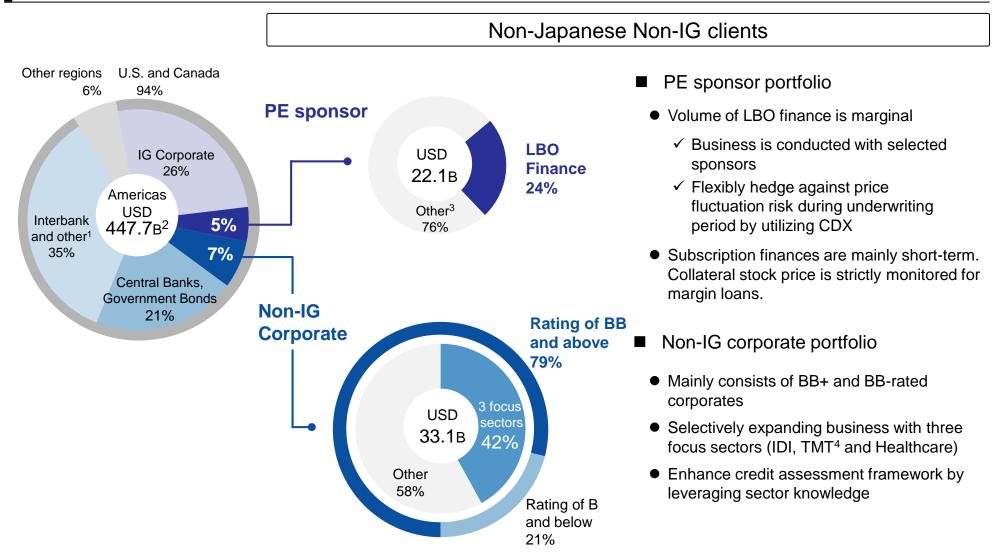
- Portfolio primarily consist of loans to Global automobile-related companies and leading state-owned companies, such as petroleum and chemicals, etc., and major private-sector companies such as TMT<sup>2</sup>
- Real estate-related loans in China represent approx. 10% of total loan balance in China, and are mainly extended to leading stateowned companies. Look to maintain same ratio going forward.
- Loans primarily to IG Hong Kong conglomerates, whose resilience against real estate market downturn has been confirmed through stress testing

1. BK Consolidated +TB Consolidated. Classification of Japanese and non-Japanese clients is on a management accounting basis. 2. Telecom, Media & Technologies.

### Portfolio outside Japan (2)

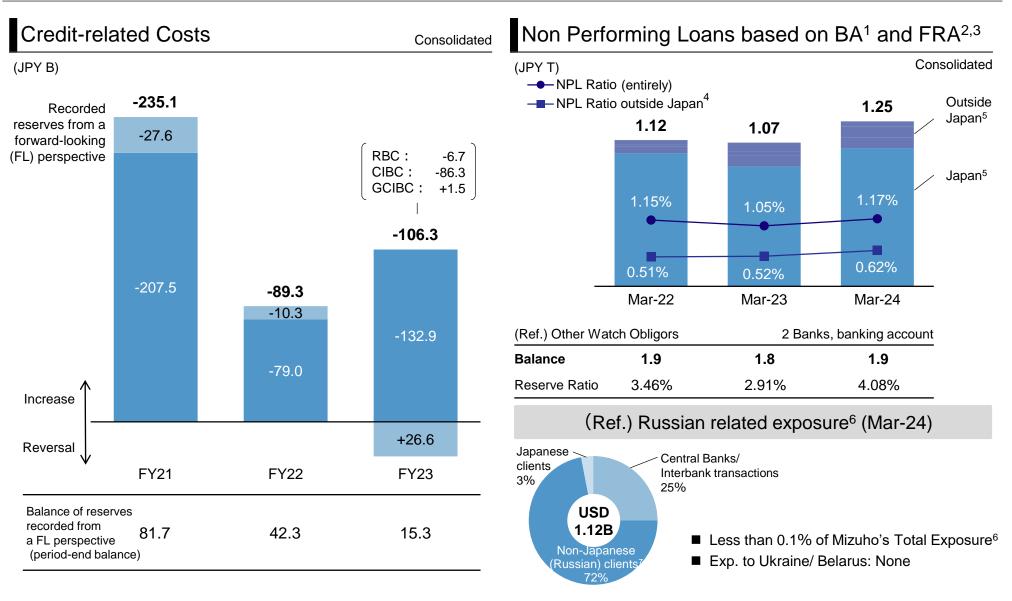
### Exposure in the Americas (Mar-24)

Management accounting basis



1. Interbank transactions, Japanese corporates, etc. 2. BK Consolidated+TB Consolidated. Inclusive of loans, commitment lines, guarantee transactions, derivatives related credit, etc. Balance after guarantee at country of risk. 3. Subscription finance, margin loans. 4. Industrial & Diversified Industries, Telecom, Media & Technologies.

### Asset Quality



1. Banking Act. 2. Financial Reconstruction Act. 3. Incl. Trust Account. 4. BK (incl. banking subsidiaries outside Japan), In-house Company management basis. 5. Representative main branch basis.

6. BK Consolidated+TB Consolidated. Inclusive of loans, commitment lines, guarantee transactions, derivatives related credit, etc. Balance after guarantee at country of risk. 7. Incl. project finance transactions.

### Asset Quality outside Japan

### Quality of Loan Portfolio

The majority of assets are rated as Investment Grade Financing towards SMEs and Individuals outside Japan is limited

Mizuho's Core Strategy for Global Business

71%

0.51%

Mar-22

Global 300: ٠

Investment Grade Level Ratio<sup>1</sup>

NPL Ratio<sup>1</sup>

Building relationship by focusing on global conglomerate corporations with high credit worthiness

71%

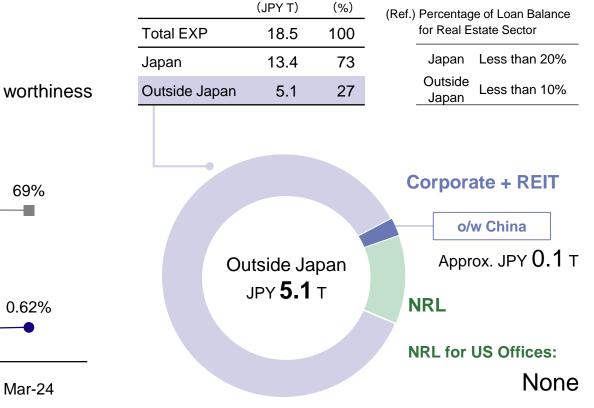
0.52%

Mar-23

### Exposure to Real Estate Sector<sup>2</sup>

Management accounting basis

- Exposure to real estate sector outside Japan is approximately 30%
- No exposure to NRL for U.S. office buildings. Exposure to Chinese Corporations is minimal



1. BK (incl. banking subsidiaries outside Japan), In-house Company management accounting basis.

2. BK consolidated+TB non-consolidated. Total exposure includes loans, FX and unused commitment lines. Mar-24. NRL represents Non Recourse Loans.

69%

0.62%

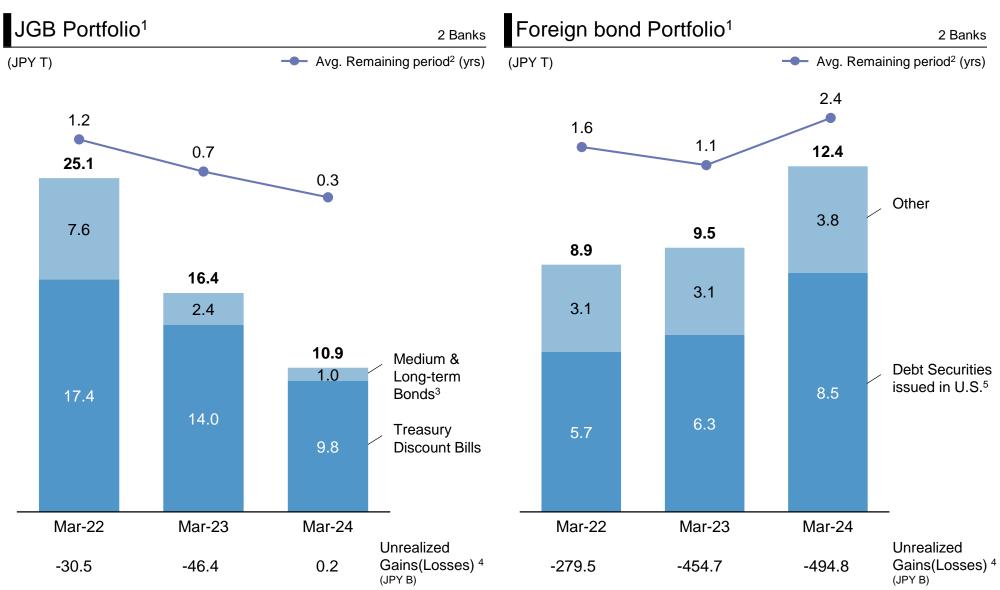
### Securities Portfolio<sup>1</sup>

Other Securities	6			Consolidated	Japanese	Stock Po	rtfolio	Consolidate
JPY B)	Acquisition	n cost basis		ized Gains ses)²	(JPY B)		Balance	(acquisition cost basis
	Mar-24	vs Mar-23	Mar-24	vs Mar-23	1,962.9		Total am	ount of sales and
Total	31,404.6	-2,208.9	1,455.4	+643.0			sales	accepted -117.1
Japanese Stock	916.9	-80.3	2,133.2	+651.4		007.0		
Japanese Bonds	14,394.8	-5,905.9	-34.5	+41.4		997.3	Sales only <sup>6</sup>	
o/w JGBs	10,968.1	-5,513.1	0.2	+46.6			-82.1	
Foreign Bonds	13,005.0	+2,869.8	-494.1	-39.5				FY23-25
o/w Debt Securities issued in US <sup>3</sup>	8,573.0	+2,206.5	-460.9	-46.9			916.9	Sales Target -300.0
Other	3,087.7	+907.4	-149.0	-10.2				
Bear Funds <sup>4</sup>	346.4	-82.8	-136.9	-111.1				
Investment Trust and others	2,741.3	+990.3	-12.0	+100.8				
(Reference)								i
Bonds held to maturity <sup>5</sup>	4,045.1	+1,996.9						
Net U	nrealized	Gains (Lo	sses) <sup>2</sup>		Mar-15	/	Mar-24	Mar-26
			1,455.4		Iviai-15	Ividi-23	1111-24	
1,089.0	81	2.4			Ref. Sales of d	eemed holding	s of shares <sup>7</sup> BK+TB, r	L
					Mar-15 to Ma	ar-23		672.4
					FY23			193.9
Mar-22	Ма	r-23	Mar-24					

1. Other Securities with readily determinable fair values, excl. Investments in Partnership. 2. Changes in value to be recorded directly to Net Assets. After applying Net deferred gains/losses of deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments. 3. US Treasury/ GSE Bonds. 4. Hedges aiming to fix unrealized gains on Japanese stocks. 5. 2 Banks. 6. Excl. gains from reversion of Employee Retirement Benefit Trust (+JPY 1.7B) and other. 7. Partially includes amount recorded as assets of BK or TB. Market value.



### Securities Portfolio (Bonds)

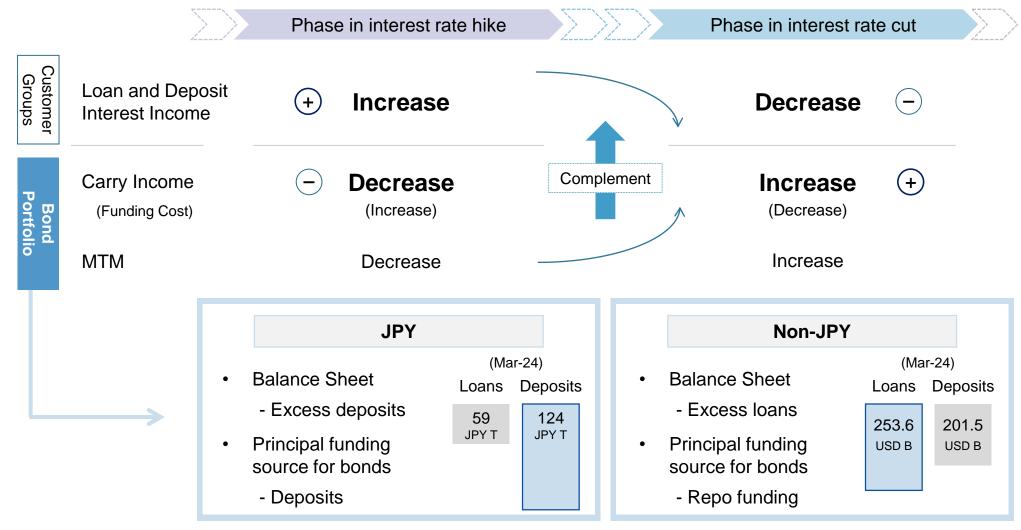


1. Other Securities which have readily determinable fair values. 2. Management accounting basis. After taking into account hedging activities, excl. bonds held to maturity.

3. Incl. bonds with remaining period of one year or less. 4. Changes in value to be recorded directly to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. Applying Net Deferred gains (losses) of deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments. 5. UST/GSE Bonds.

### (Ref.) Role of Bond Portfolio

- Complementary positioning of our Bond Portfolio to Customer Business provides stability to overall financial operations through the interest rate fluctuation and credit cycle
- Necessary to carefully find turning points in trends for both JGB and foreign bonds



## Basel Regulatory Disclosures

Capital Ratios			Consolidated	Other Regulator	y Ratios		Consolidated
(JPY B)				 (JPY B)			
Total	17.53%	16.05%	16.93%				
Tier1	15.00%	16.05%	14.85%		Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-24
		13.91%		Leverage Ratio	4.56%	4.46%	4.70%
CET1	12.46%	11.80%	12.73%	External TLAC Ratio			
Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on	(11.52%)	(11.28%)	(11.83%)	Risk Weighted Assets Basis	24.24%	24.02%	25.35%
Other Securities)				Total Exposure Basis	8.43%	8.85%	9.17%
					FY21 Q4	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q4
-	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-24	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)	136.5%	130.6%	129.7%
Total Capital	11,351.6	11,306.9	12,314.6	Total HQLA	71,174.1	77,599.9	81,168.3
Tier1 Capital	9,713.2	9,803.3	10,801.8	Net Cash Outflows	52,140.9	59,419.4	62,571.6
CET1 Capital <sup>1</sup>	8,067.2	8,315.5	9,259.9				
AT1 Capital <sup>2</sup>	1,646.0	1,487.8	1,541.8	Reference:	Mar-23	Mar-23	Mar-24
Tier2 Capital	1,638.3	1,503.5	1,512.7		INIAI-23	Ivial-25	1111-24
Risk Weighted Assets	64,730.4	70,434.1	72,720.2	CET1 Capital Ratio (fully-effective basis)	9.9%	9.9%	10.5%
Total Exposure	212,972.0	219,441.1	229,376.8	(excl. Net Unrealized Gains (L on Other Securities)	<sup>_osses)</sup> 9.3%	9.5%	9.8%

1. Common Equity Tier 1 Capital. 2. Additional Tier 1 Capital.

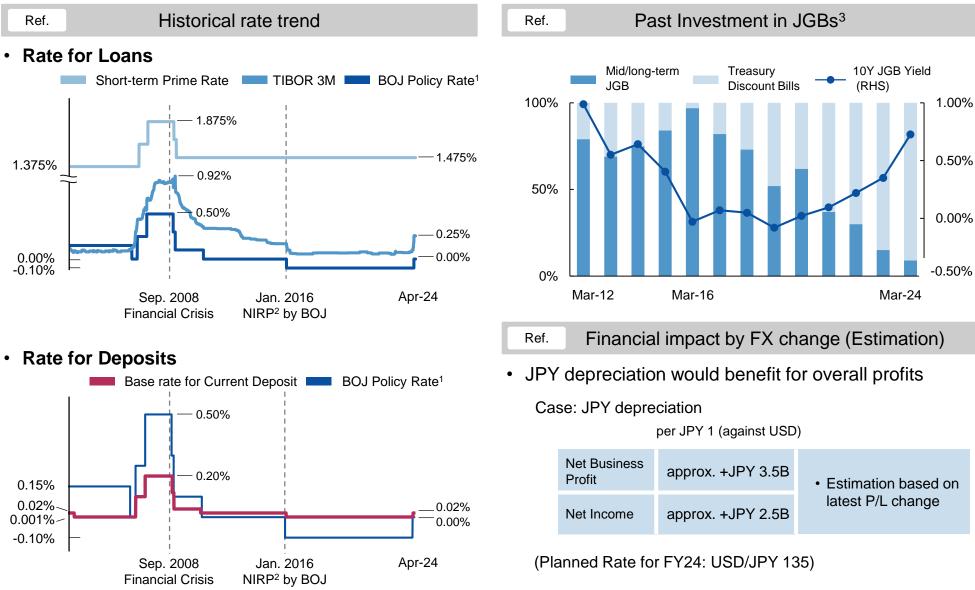
### (Ref.) Estimating financial impact by BOJ monetary policy change in March 24

Es	stimated P/L ir	npact	on FY24 Business Plan	Approx	. JPY 45.0B		
(Ref.) Estimated impact of NIRP <sup>1</sup> implementation for FY16 (from 2016) ApproxJPY 40.0B							
Actual rates as of Mar-24, Figures in () change from Dec-23			JPY B/S (Mar-24) <sup>2</sup> (JPY T)				
Loan Income	+JPY 35.0B		Loans 59	Deposits 124	Deposit Income -JPY 30.0B		
Tibor 3M	0.26 % (+0.18 %)		Floating:Approx. 60%Fixed:Approx. 20%		Base Rate		
Short-term Prime Rate	1.475 % (1.475 %)		Prime rate, etc.: Approx. 20%	Current Deposit: Approx. 80%	Current         0.020 %           Deposit         (+0.019 %)		
Market	+JPY 40.0B		Market 74 Investment 74	Time Deposit: Approx. 20%	Time 0.025 %		
Investment	+JF1 40.0B		Bank of Japan Current Account: 56		<b>Deposit 1YR</b> (+0.023 %)		
Bank of Japan Current Account (Three-Tier System)	0.1%/0.1%/0.1% (+0.2%/+0.1%/+0.0%)		Treasury Discount Bill3: 10Mid/long-term:2Avg. remaining period:0.3yrs4		Time         0.300 %           Deposit 10YR         (+0.298 %) <sup>5</sup>		
JGB 10YR	0.72 % (+0.11 %)		Other 4	Other 13			

1. Negative Interest Rate Policy. 2. BK, management accounting basis. 3. Incl. Government guaranteed bonds and other. 4. Excl. bonds held to maturity. After taking into account hedging activities.

5. Calculated by base rate before November 13, 2023. For the period from November 13, 2023 to March 24, 2024, 0.200%.

### (Ref.) Relevant Data



1. The uncollateralized overnight call rate target. For the period when target was set as a range, the lower band is plotted in the chart. From January 29, 2016 to March 18, 2024, -0.10% is shown, which is applicable to Policy-Rate Balance. 2. Negative Interest Rate Policy. 3. Other securities. Acquisition cost basis

### (Ref.) Opportunities and risks in a "world with interest"

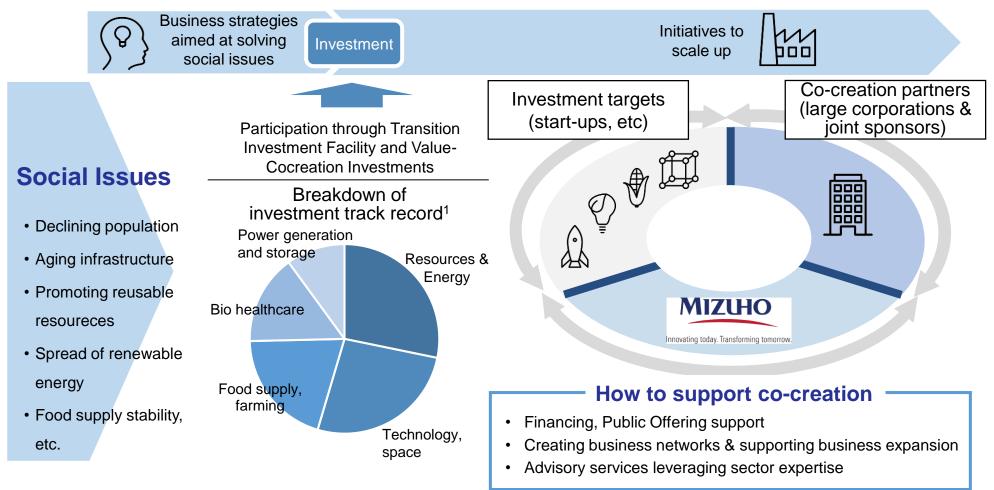
Capture business opportunities and prepare for potential risks, under the circumstance where macro fundamentals in Japan are significantly changing

	Current environment	Mizuho's <b>Business opr</b>	oortunities/ Potential Risks	Mizuho's Preparation (Strength)				
Market	<ul><li>Rising JGB yield</li><li>More room for interest rate change</li></ul>	<ul><li>JGB investment</li><li>S&amp;T</li></ul>	<ul><li>Unrealized loss expansion</li><li>Increase in interest rate risks</li></ul>	<ul><li>Solid bond management</li><li>Steady results in S&amp;T</li></ul>				
Individuals	<ul> <li>Accelerating trend: "From Saving to Investment"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Asset management</li> <li>Deposits and Loans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MTM decrease once trend changes</li> <li>Severe competition for deposits</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Consulting capabilities</li><li>Customer base, alliance</li></ul>				
Corporations	<ul><li>Demand for CAPEX</li><li>Increased Corporate action</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Capital Market business</li> <li>Deposits and Loans</li> </ul>	Increase in credit-related costs	Solid client base with resiliency for market change				
Mizuho's position								
	JGB Portfolio <sup>1</sup>	(examples	) Loans in .	Japan				
(JPY T) Medium & Long-term Bonds Treasury Discount Bills	1.0Avg. remaining period2 01.0• Continue solid bond with preparation for rates9.8• Secure flexibility for balance in the longMar-24• Avg. remaining period2 0	d management rising interest	<ul> <li>Large Corps. + Mid-cap Corps. 77%</li> <li>Well positioned for capturing corporate actions and CAPEX demand</li> <li>Relatively resilient for credit deterioration</li> <li>Monitoring based on expertise Implement thorough predictive management</li> </ul>					

1. Other Securities which have readily determinable.2 Banks. 2. Management accounting basis. After taking into account hedging activities, excl. bonds held to maturity.

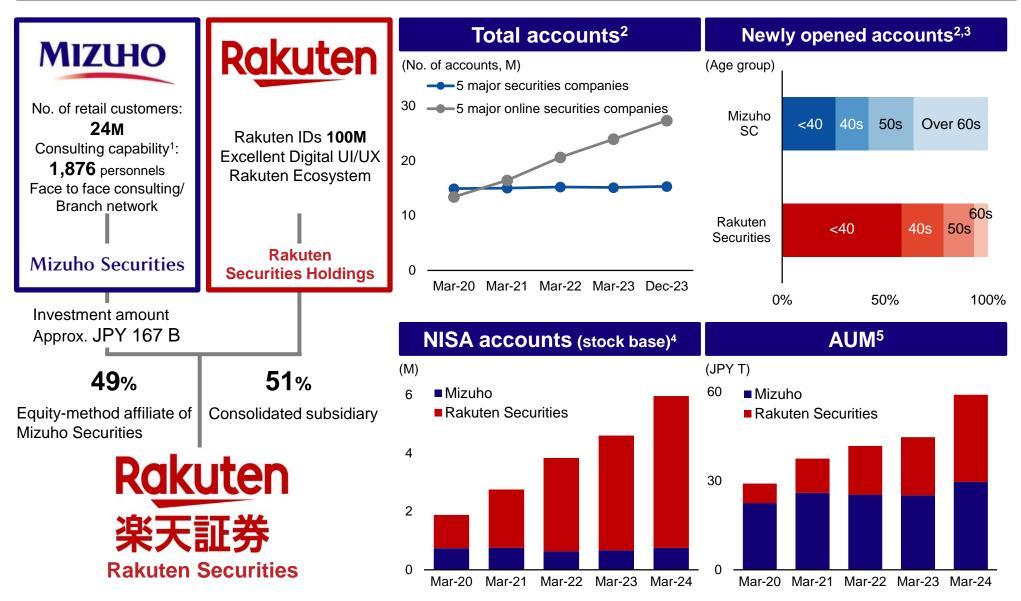
### Expansion of initiatives for value co-creation

- Support the realization of our co-creation partners' business strategies aimed at solving social issues and jointly promote business expansion to scale up
- Work together with our co-creation partners to address social challenges, through commitments made via Transition Investment Facility and Value-Cocreation Investments



1. Percentage of the executed amount as of the end of FY23 (preliminary figures). Total of both value co-creation investment and transition investment frameworks

# Business alliance with Rakuten Securities Holdings

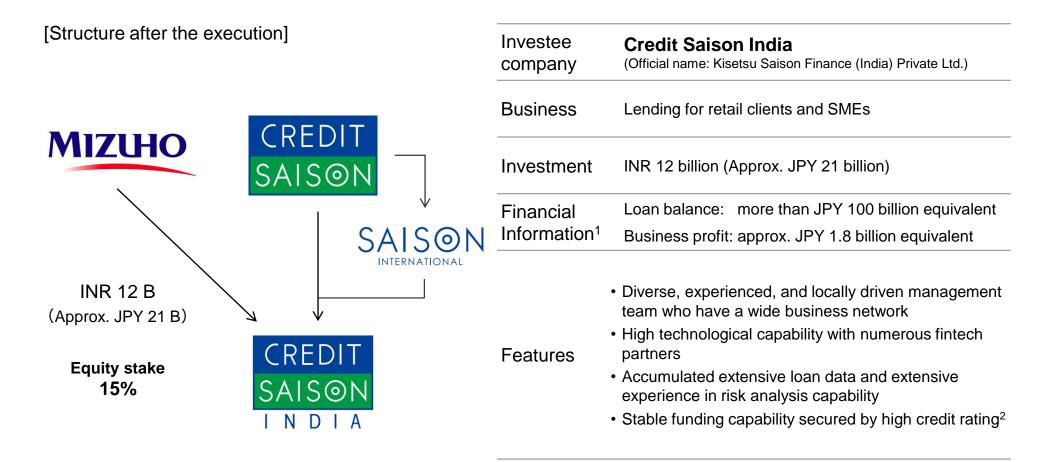


1. Certified Skilled Professionals of Financial Planning 1st-grade or Certified Financial Planners (international certification). 2. The chart is made based on each company's disclosed materials. 3. Jan. 2023- Dec. 2023. 4. Excl. Junior NISA. The figure of Mizuho is BK+SC (Retail & Business Banking Segment). 5. AUM of retail clients of Mizuho FG+AUM of retail clients of Rakuten Securities.

MIZUHO

## Investment in Credit Saison India

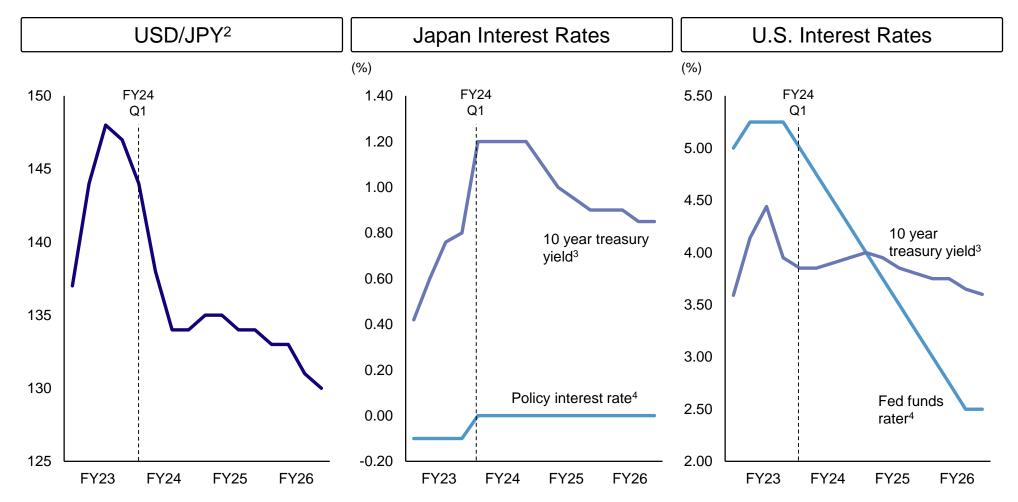
- Acquired an equity stake in in Credit Saison India, a retail non-bank financial institution in India, the largest country in population and that has the one of the highest economic growth rate globally.
- Aim to capture the growth of India's retail financial market through this acquisition





### Macro-economic scenario

The BoJ abolished the NIRP<sup>1</sup> and YCC<sup>2</sup> in Mar-24. While we do not anticipate any further hikes in our FY24 plan, the possibility of policy changes in response to inflationary trends etc. should be monitored
 US and Europe expected to begin cutting interest rates in response to slowing inflation, leading to appreciation of the Yen as the interest rate differential to Japan narrows



1. Negative Interest Rate Policy. 2. Yield Curve Control. 3. Quarterly average. 4. Quarterly lower band.

## Risk Management (Top risks Approach)

Our Top Risks\* Approach

### **Identification Process**

Assess a wide range of risk events in line with Mizuho's vulnerabilities, the external business environment and other factors, and identify any that could potentially damage corporate value

Ascertain which of those risks are serious, through an evaluation of their probability of occurrence, degree of impact, and their route of transmission

After consideration of difficulty of containment and closing discussions between executive officers to identify the top risks

### Strengthening Risk Governance

- Work to align the Group's understanding of risk perception and expand risk-related communication
- Ensure that risk perception is consistent between relevant risk management systems
- Formulate measures to address top risks, reflect those risks in our business plan, and monitor progress on containment as necessary

Report to the Risk Committee and Board of Directors, etc.

### Top Risks for FY24

- Resurgence of inflation and economic slowdown in the US and Europe (newly added)
- Rising prices, interest rates and expanding fiscal concerns in Japan (newly added)
- Escalating U.S.-China conflict and sluggish Chinese economy
- Global decoupling and growing geopolitical risks
- Worsening impact of climate change
- IT system failures
- Cyber attacks
- Money laundering/Financing of terrorism
- Improper acts and omissions by officers and employees
- Stagnation of sustainable growth due to a talent shortage
- Changes in the competitive environment

<sup>\* &#</sup>x27;Top Risks' are those that the Group identify as the most serious when assessed via the above process.

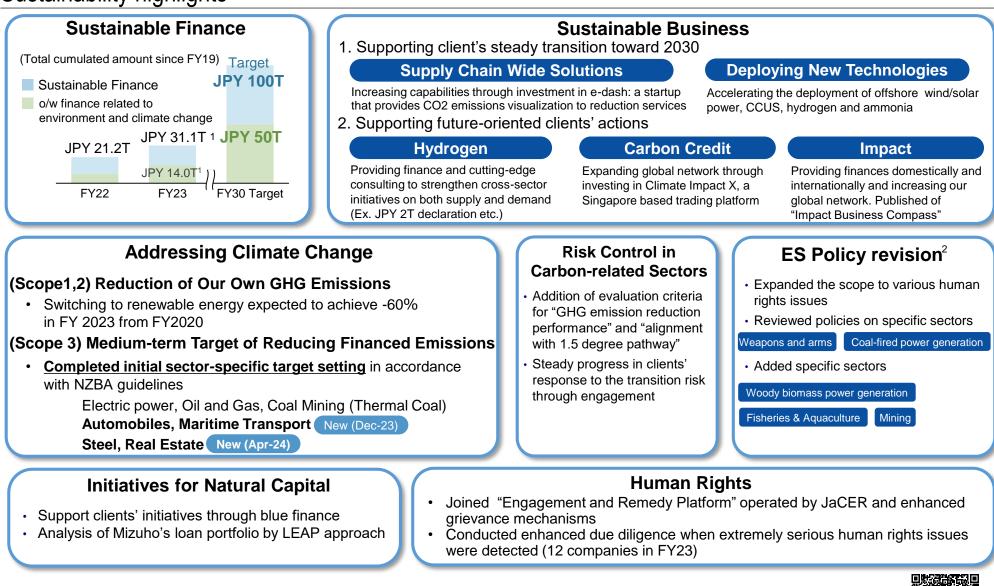


# Road map for net-zero by 2050

		2022	202	23 · ·	· 2025	•••	2030	··· 2040	2050
GHG emission reductions									
Scope 1,2	Expected	to achieve ·	-60% vs F	Y20	Carb	on neut	ral 🔵		
Scope 3 (Emission associated with financing and investments) Target by sector	Target Metrics	FY2 (preliminar		(compared v base yea					
Electric Power	Emission intensity	368 kg(	CO2e/MWh	(-18 kgCO2e/N	/Wh) 1	138 to 2	32 🕒		
Oil and gas Client Scope 1,2	Emission intensity	5.6 gC	O2e/MJ	(-1.0 gCO2e/N	IJ)	۷	1.2		
" 3	Absolute emission	34.8 Mt	CO <sub>2</sub> e	(-43%)	-12	2 to -29	% <sup>2</sup>		
Thermal coal mining	Absolute emission	0.6 Mt	CO2e	(-4.5 MtCO2e)	0	ECD: Ze	ero Non-	-OECD: Zero	
Steel	Absolute emission	14 MtC	CO <sub>2</sub> e	(-18%)	-17	7 to -23°	% <sup>3</sup>		Net-zer
Automobile Client Scope 1,2	Absolute emission	831 ktC	O <sub>2</sub> e	(-11%)		-389	% <sup>3</sup>		
" 3	Emission intensity	183 gC	O₂e/vkm	(-7%)	-31	1 to -43°	% <sup>3</sup>		
Maritime transportation	Portfolio climate alignment score	-1.55 %		(-3.4%)	(	0% or le	ss 🖻		
Real estate	Emission intensity	65 kgC	CO2e/m	(-4 kgCO2e/m	)	33 to	42		
Capturing business opportunit	ies	(	Mar-24 pre	liminary figures)					
Sustainable finance <sup>1</sup> (o/w finance related to environment and c	(JPY 9.9T	<sup>-</sup> vs Mar-23) + JPY 5.9T)	JPY ( JPY 1	31.1т 4.0т)		JPY 10 (JPY 5			
Risk management		(	Mar-24 pre	liminary figures)					
Outstanding credit balance of coal-fired powe generation plants	(-19.6%	o vs Mar-20)	JPY 24	40.8в		-5	0%² •	Zero	
High risk area exposure in transition risk sectors	(-JPY 0.3T	vs Mar-21)	JPY	∕ <b>1.5</b> ⊤	Reduction in the medium-long term	>>			
Engagement		S	upport clier decarb	nts to make progr onization and ad	ess in their efforts to dress transition risks				
Capability building				Mar-24)					
Sustainability management experts	(YoY Approx. +350 v	s Mar-23)		.1,650 people	1,600 people				
Consultants in the environmental and ene	ergy fields (YoY Approx	<. +10 vs Mar-2	a)	ox.140 people	150 people	)			

1. Total accumulated finance amount since FY19. 2. vs FY19. 3. vs FY21.

# Sustainability highlights



April 12, 2014

Sustainability Progress 2024



1. Preliminary figures. 2. Environmental and Social Management Policy for Financing and Investment Activity.

MIZUHO

Environment and climate change related	Human Capital relat	ted	FY25 target				
Sustainable finance, Environment and Climate Change	Management Operating officers and candidates Twice of Executive Of						
related finance targets - JPY 100T from FY19 to FY30 (o/w 50T climate change related)	Training investment amount p	Training investment amount per person					
Scope 1, 2 (GHG emissions across the seven group entities <sup>1</sup> )		Equivalent to general managers	14%				
- Carbon Neutral by FY30	Percentage of management positions filled by women <sup>3</sup>	Equivalent to managers and above	21%				
Scope 3 (Emission reduction targets associated with financing and investments) - reach net-zero by 2050		By beginning of 2030's	30%				
Outstanding exposure to coal-fired power plants based on our 'Environmental	Management positions filled by e	maintain 83% <sup>5</sup>					
and Social Management Policy for Financing and Investment Activity	Ratio of female new-graduate	maintain $30\%^5$					
- reduce exposure in FY19 to 50% by FY30, reduce to zero by FY40	Paid annual leave taken by er	Paid annual leave taken by employees <sup>3</sup>					
Exposure in high-risk areas within transition risk sector - reduce over	Rate of childcare leave taken	maintain 100% <sup>5</sup>					
medium to long term	Presenteeism <sup>6</sup>	below 15%					
	<b>-</b>						

#### Scope 3 Medium-term target of reducing financed emissions

• Completed initial sector-specific target setting in accordance with NZBA guidelines

Sector		Target Metrics	FY30 targets	Sector	New	Target Metrics	FY30 targets	
Electric Power		Emission intensity (kgCO2e/MWh)	138 to 232	Steel		Absolute emission (MtCO2e)	-17 to -23% <sup>7</sup>	
	Client Emission intensity Scope 1,2 (gCO <sub>2</sub> e/MJ)		4.2	Automobiles	Client Scope 1,2	Absolute emission (ktCO2e)	-38% <sup>7</sup>	
Oil and gas				Automobiles	3	Emission intensity (qCO <sub>2</sub> e/MJ)	-31 to -43% <sup>7</sup>	
	3	Absolute emission (MtCO2e)	-12 to -29% <sup>2</sup>	Maritime		Portfolio climate	0% or less	
Thermal	Absolute emission (MtCO2e)		OECD: Zero (EY30)	transportation	n	alignment score		
coal mining			Non-OECE: Zero (FY40)	Real estate		Emission intensity (kgCO2e/MJ)	33 to 42	

1. FG, BK, TB, SC, RT, AM-One, Mizuho Americas. 2. vs FY19. 3. Total of FG, BK, TB, SC, RT in Japan. 4. Total of BK, TB, SC overseas. 5. Level to be maintained continuously. 6. 100% being a state without sickness or injury. Ask % on the past 4 weeks. Calculate the amount that falls from 100% (proportion of loss). 7. vs FY21.

# (Ref.) Human Capital KPI

Set KPIs in FY23 measuring the status and effectiveness of efforts to secure personnel supporting each business area

Support for the doubling asset- based income	Lington Customer Customer Customer Customer Customer	
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- Aiming to newly place one qualified individual into each of our approx. 300 sales offices.
- Aiming to digitalize personal business and transform stores into places for consulting.

### Personal Consulting

Mar-24 Result **1,876** (vs Mar-23 +91) FY25 Target **2,100** 

Enhancing the competitiveness of

- Business Succession: deploy to roughly 100 locations, mainly in Tokyo metropolitan and Kansai areas
- Innovation: aim to secure approx. 100 innovation company support personnel and 100 support headquarters representatives.



#### 

- Digital Transformation (DX): focus on fostering highly specialized professionals, mainly in RT & FT
- DX Basic Personnel: set necessary level based on standards of other companies, and tasks that require basic DX literacy



Global CIB business model

- Aiming for a 15% increase in specialized personnel
- Not only for large corporations, but expand the workforce to address the various issues also faced by medium-sized and small enterprises

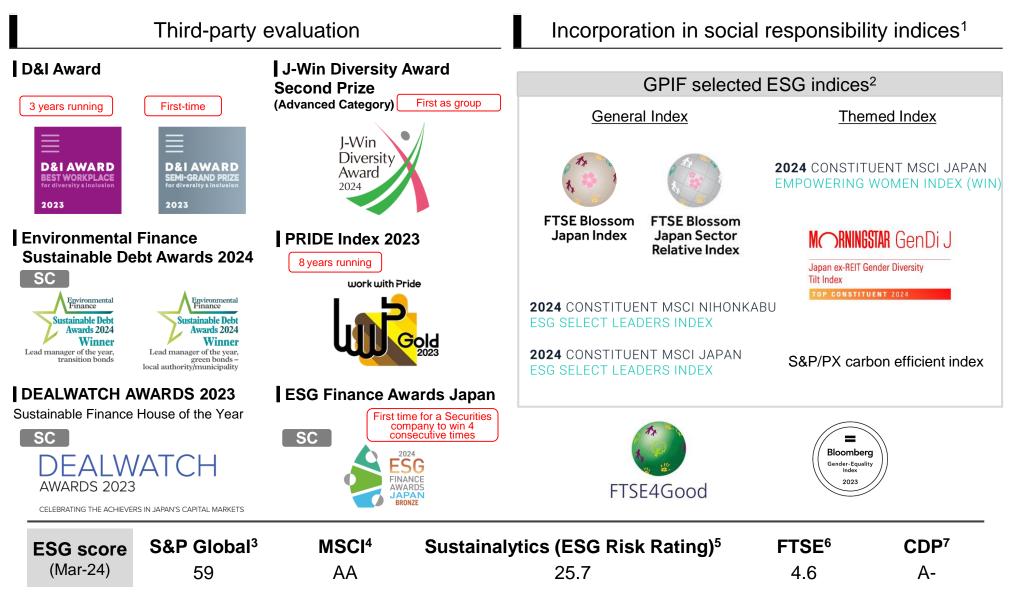


 Annually dispatch 50 new personnel overseas, including 30 young people, in order to broaden our talent pool with international experience





## ESG-related recognition and awards



1. As of end of Mar, 2024. 2. https://www.mizuhogroup.com/sustainability/mizuhocsr/evaluation 3. https://www.spglobal.com/esg/solutions/data-intelligence-esg-scores

4. CCC-AAA 7 grade rating (Source) Bloomberg. 5. Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating compares ESG risk with peers in the same category. The lower the score, the higher the evaluation (Source) Bloomberg.

6. FTSE Overall ESG Score on a scale of 5. 7. A-D 8 grade rating (Source) CDP



## Skill Matrix of the Board of Directors

The table below lists the particular core skills that each director possess in relation to the skills that the Board of Directors as a whole should possess

	t	trol	rol /		rces		ج.			Co	mmittees (	Chairpers	,	
Name	Management	Risk Management / Internal Control	Financial Control / Accounting	Finance	Human Resources / Organization	IT / Digital	Sustainability	Global	Nominating	Compensation	Audit	Risk	IT / Digital Transformation	Human Resources Review Meeting
Yoshimitsu Kobayashi		(@)			ŝ		<b>(</b>	( sol	☆					•
Ryoji Sato		۲						( sol			☆			
Takashi Tsukioka ඉ		۲			ŝ		۵.	( sol		☆				•
Takashi Tsukioka     Solution       Kotaro Ohno     Inicomichi Shinohara       Hiromichi Shinohara     Hiromichi Shinohara		(1)			ŝ									•
Hiromichi Shinohara	Ĩ.ġ				ŝ	ĕ	<b>(</b>						☆	•
Izumi Kobayashi <sup>1</sup>		(1)		€) €	ŝ		۲	( see						•
Yumiko Noda				€) (¥)	ŝ		<b>(</b>	( see						
Takakazu Uchida		٢		€ €				( see						
Seiji Imai				€) €			۲	( sol						
Hisaaki Hirama		(1)		€) €			<b>(</b>					☆		
Masahiro Kihara <sup>2</sup> Group CEO	_ ₽	(@)		€) €	ŝ			( see						☆
Hidekatsu Take <sup>2</sup> Head of GCIBC				€) €			<b>(</b>	( sol						
Mitsuhiro Kanazawa <sup>2</sup>	roup CIO	٢		€)  }		Ä		( see						
Takefumi Yonezawa <sup>2</sup>	roup CFO	۲	<u>ш</u>	€) کت				<b>R</b>						

Board Composition: Outside directors **57.1%**<sup>\*3</sup>

Outside & Non-executive Directors 71.4%

Female Directors 14.3%

Table of Directors to be proposed at the 22nd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held in June 2024 (Title and assignment etc.: After appointment at the 22nd) 1. Chairperson of the Board of Directors. 2. Also Executive Officers. 3. Unchanged YoY.



## Compensation framework for executives (1)

### Compensation system

Compensation type			Link to			Example of composition of compensation							
			Link to performance (range)	Payment timing	Payment method			sible for business execution Group Executive		Non-exe Offic			
	Base Compensation <sup>1</sup>			Monthly	Cash	Group CEO 40.0% 40%		Officers 55.0% 55%		85.0%	85%		
Ę	Compensation I <sup>2</sup>		Not linked	Time of resignation	Stock	5.0%							
Compensatio	Competitive Compet	Stock Compensation II <sup>3</sup>	Linked (0~150%)	Deferred payment over three years starting the FY after the next	Stock	30.0%		5.0% 17.5%					
Incentive	Short-term⁴		Linked (0~150%)	Lump sum in the next fiscal year <sup>5</sup>	Cash	25.0%		22.5%	45%	15.0%	15%		

#### Subject to malus and clawback<sup>6</sup>

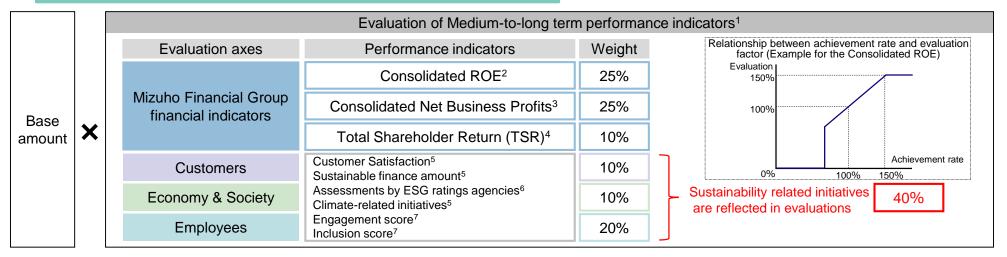
1. Payment will be made monthly in cash in accordance with the roles and responsibilities of each of the Officers. 2. Payment in accordance with the roles and responsibilities of each of the Officers as an incentive to increase corporate value over the medium to long term and for other purposes. 3. Payment in accordance with level of achievement of financial indicators emphasized by the Mizuho Financial Group and evaluation of indicators related to stakeholders as an incentive to increase corporate value over the medium to long term and for other purposes. 4. Payment in accordance with level of achievement of financial indicators emphasized by the Mizuho Financial Group and the evaluation of individual performance as an incentive for fiscal year performance to increase corporate value. 5. Deferred payment over three years starting the fiscal year after next for payments above a certain amount. 6. A system has been adopted that enables malus (forfeiture of compensation remaining unpaid) and clawback (request for return of compensation) by resolution of the Compensation Committee depending on the performance of the group or the individual.

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## Compensation framework for executives (2)

Performance indicators for performance-linked compensation

#### Medium-to-long term Incentive Compensation (Stock Compensation II)



#### Short-term Incentive Compensation<sup>8</sup>

		Evaluation of s	hort-term performance indicators9		Individual Evaluation <sup>11</sup>			
Deee		Evaluation axis	Performance indicators	Weight		Main evaluation perspectives (Group CEO example)		
Base amount	×	Mizuho Financial Group	Net Profit Attributable to FG <sup>10</sup>	50%	×	Demonstrates leadership in improving the group's corporate culture		
		financial indicators	Gross Profit RORA <sup>11</sup>	50%		and disseminating the Group's Purpose and Code of Conduct · Succession initiatives for the Group CEO and management tea		

The Compensation Committee make the final decision (maximum 150%) based on target achievement rates for performance indicators considering the business environment and the existence of events that should be reflected individually.
 Excludes Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities.
 Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and Others.
 Evaluation through relative comparison with competitors 5. Evaluated on the target achievement rates on related internal indicators.
 Evaluated by comparison with results of previous years and peers that have been assessed by four major ESG rating agencies (S&P Global, Sustainalytics, MSCI, and FTSE).
 Evaluated on the target achievement rate for the positive response rate for four Staff Survey questions related to engagement and inclusion.
 The evaluation factor for the short term performance indicators and individual evaluation is capped at 150%.
 The Compensation Committee make the final decision based on target achievement rates for performance indicators considering the business environment and the existence of events that should be reflected individually Varies from 0-140% in the case of the Group CEO.
 Net Income for the period Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent Company.
 Return on Risk weighted Assets.
 The Compensation Committee makes the decision based on the evaluation perspectives, etc. Varies from 0-110% in the case of the Group CEO.

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### Definitions

### **Financial accounting**

- 2 Banks:	BK+TB on a non-consolidated basis							
- Consolidated Net Business Profits:	Consolidated Gross Profits - G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses) + Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates and certain other consolidation adjustments							
- Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and othe	ers: Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs (2 Banks) + Net Gains on Operating Investment Securities (SC Consolidated)							
<ul> <li>G&amp;A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others):</li> </ul>	G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses) - Amortization of Goodwill and other items							
<ul> <li>Net Income Attributable to FG:</li> </ul>	Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent							
- Consolidated ROE:	Calculated dividing Net Income by (Total Shareholders' Equity + Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities)).							
- CET1 Capital Ratio (excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities):	Management accounting. Includes the effect of partially fixing unrealized gains on Japanese stocks through hedging transactions, based on management accounting [Numerator] Calculated by excluding Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities and its associated							
	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks)							
Management accounting	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other							
	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other							
Management accounting - Customer Groups: - Markets:	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks)							
- Customer Groups:	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks) RBC + CIBC + GCIBC + AMC							
<ul><li>Customer Groups:</li><li>Markets:</li></ul>	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks) RBC + CIBC + GCIBC + AMC GMC							
<ul> <li>Customer Groups:</li> <li>Markets:</li> <li>Group aggregate:</li> </ul>	[Denominator] Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges [Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks) RBC + CIBC + GCIBC + AMC GMC BK + TB + SC + other major subsidiaries on a non-consolidated basis							
<ul> <li>Customer Groups:</li> <li>Markets:</li> <li>Group aggregate:</li> <li>In-house Company management basis:</li> </ul>	Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges         [Denominator]       Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks)         RBC + CIBC + GCIBC + AMC         GMC         BK + TB + SC + other major subsidiaries on a non-consolidated basis         Figure of the respective In-house Company         Gross Profits - G&A Expenses (excluding Non-Recurring Losses) + Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates -							

FG	: Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.	RBC	: Retail & Business Banking Company	ТТМ	Mar-22 Mar-2	3 Mar-24
BK TB SC	: Mizuho Bank, Ltd. : Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. : Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.	CIBC GCIBC GMC	: Corporate & Investment Banking Company : Global Corporate & Investment Banking Company : Global Markets Company	USD/JPY EUR/JPY	122.41 133.5 136.77 145.7	
	USA : Mizuho Securities USA LLC. AM -One : Asset Management One Co., Ltd GTU : Mizuho Research & Technologies, Ltd. RCU : Mizuho-DL Financial Technology Co., Ltd.		: Asset Management Company : Global Transaction Banking Unit : Research & Consulting Unit	Management accounting (Planed rate)	FY23	FY24
LS	: Mizuho Leasing Company, Limited			USD/JPY	120.00	135.00
IF	: Mizuho Innovation Frontier Co., Ltd.			EUR/JPY	132.00	143.44

Forward-looking Statements

Financial information in this presentation uses figures under Japanese GAAP unless otherwise stated (including management accounting basis). This presentation contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements including estimates, forecasts, targets and plans. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Such forward-looking statements do not represent any guarantee of future performance by management and actual results may materially differ. Further information regarding factors that could affect our financial condition and results of operations is included in our most recent

Form 20-F and our report on Form 6-K.

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